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BY JAMES G. HASSON,

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☞ Pay for your paper before you stop it, if stop it you must. None but scalawags do otherwise.—Don't be a scalawag—life is too short.

Cambria Freeman.

JAS. C. HASSON, Editor and Proprietor. "HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE." $1.50 and postage per year in advance.

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Advertising Rates.

The large and reliable circulation of the CAMBRIA FREEMAN commends it to the favorable consideration of advertisers, whose favors will be carefully executed at the following low rates:

1 inch, 3 times	$1.00
1 " 3 months	2.50
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JOB PRINTING of all kinds neatly and expeditiously executed at lowest prices. Don't you forget it.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE,
FIFTH AVENUE, PITTSBURG, PA.

REMARKABLE BARGAINS IN
DRESS GOODS.

A large lot of 36-inch, nearly all wool, STRIPED DRESS GOODS, marked down to-day to 12½ cents, were sold at 35 cents. This is the biggest 12½ cents' worth ever sold by us, or anybody else.

One lot 38-inch GRAY MOHAIRS, marked down to-day to 25 cents. Would be cheap at 40 cents.

One lot 38-inch Extra Fine BRILLIANTINE MOHAIRS; elegant shades of Gray and Brown Mixtures, were imported to sell at 65 cents. We have marked them to close out at 37½ cents. No better bargain in America in Dress Goods.

About 150 pieces single-width all-wool filled Dress Goods, excellent styles and desirable colors, ordinarily sell from 12½ to 15 cents a yard. We have marked them 10c. from 12½ cents to 8½ cents.

One lot of double-width medium and Dark Gray Alpacas, marked down to-day to 8½ cents.

50 inch all-wool fine ENGLISH SUITINGS, neat little plaids to make a stylish and durable traveling suit, marked down to 75 cents, regularly sold at $1 and $1.25 a yard. These are some of the special bargains.

In FANCY DRESS GOODS, high Novelties and high cost French and German imported Dress Goods, we have slaughtered the prices to wind up the summer season's business.

Always on hand, a large line of Cream and Light Colored FABRICS of all descriptions for street and evening wear. Also, choice lines in BLACK and COLORS in all the best PLAIN FABRICS at lowest prices.

You can save money by coming to this Dress Goods Department.

CAMPBELL & DICK.

GENUINE BARGAINS
—IN—
Dress Goods.

of which we wish to send every reader Samples. Write to us and and tell us your needs.

Fifty styles nearly all-wool fancy stripe suitings, 36 inches wide, at 25c. a yard.

A lot of double-width cashmere, new colorings, made specially for us, only 25c. a yard

All-wool fancy stripes, in choice new spring shades, 36 inches wide, regular 50c. goods at only 38c. a yard.

40 pieces all-wool mixture suitings, 50 in. wide, 36c. a yd.

A lot of all-wool stripe tricots, choice colorings. 36 inches wide, 44c a yard.

One hundred pieces, everyone different in colorings or designs; plaids, stripes, checks and cross-bars; cashmere weight cloth, 50c. a yard.

A lot of all-wool 50 in. side-band suitings, 75c. quality at 50c a yard.

Another, 50 inch, all-wool spring weight stripe suitings, 75c. a yard.

In finer goods up to the finest cloths, made in foreign countries expressly for us, our stock is complete.

Summer silks of every description in very large varieties.

Write to our Mail Order Department.

JOS. HORNE & CO.,
609-621 PENN AVE.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

LILLY
INSURANCE & STEAMSHIP
AGENCY.

FIRE INSURANCE AT COST. POLICIES ISSUED IN GOOD RELIABLE COMPANIES AT VERY LOWEST RATES.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS SOLD AND DRAFTS ISSUED PAYABLE IN ALL PARTS OF EUROPE.

J. B. Mullen, Agent,
LILLY, CAMBRIA CO., PA.
February 14, 1890.-1y.

ROBERT EVANS,

UNDERTAKER,
AND MANUFACTURER OF and dealer in all kinds of FURNITURE,
Ebensburg, Pa.

☞ A full line of Caskets always on hand. ☜
Bodies Embalmed
WHEN REQUIRED.
Apr 30 86

A SOLID
STEEL FENCE!
This is Not Wire
MADE OF
EXPANDED METAL
CUT FROM STEEL PLATES. SOMETHING NEW.
For Residences, Churches, Cemeteries, Farms Gardens, Gate, Arbors, Window Guards, Trellises, Fire-proof PLASTERING LATH, DOOR MATS, &c. Write for Illustrated Catalogue; mailed free
CENTRAL EXPANDED METAL CO
116 Water St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Hardware Men keep it. Give name of this paper

—ELY'S—
CREAM : BALM.
Cleanses the Nasal Passages.
Allays Pain and Inflammation.
Heals Sore Eyes
Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.
Try the Cure. HAY-FEVER
A particle is applied into each nostrils and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail registered, 60 cts. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., New York.

Steam Saw Mill
FOR SALE

The subscriber will sell at private sale a thirty-five horse power Engine, Boiler and
SAW MILL COMPLETE,
nearly new, and in good running order. It is at present located near Mineral Point, where it can be seen. It will be sold at a bargain.
Call on or address at Mineral Point, Cambria county, Penn'a. HARRISON BURKHART.
mar6 86

MEN WANTED
ON SALARY.
To reliable men we will give steady employment and LIBERAL SALARY, paying their traveling expenses. We grow our own stock exclusively and GUARANTEE it to be strictly first class in every particular, true to name as ordered. Full instructions furnished. Experience unnecessary. Apply at once, stating age. Address E. C. PIERSON & CO., Maple Grove Nurseries, Waterloo, N. Y. (Established over 20 yrs. may2-8mNR

LUMBER IS ADVANCING.
SAW-MILLS, STEAM ENGINES,
SHINGLE MILLS, HAY PRESSES, &c.
If you want a First-class SAW MILL, send for Catalogue and special price to introduce in your section to
A. B. FARQUAR, (Limited), York, Pa.

ADVERTISERS by addressing Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 10 Spruce St., New York can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of ADVERTISING in American Newspapers. 100 Page Pamphlet 10c.

EVERYBODY in Cambria county should read the FREEMAN. Only $1.50 per year.

WHETHER OF WOOD, OR METAL, SO MUCH HAVE DAVIDSON ROOFING TO COVER THE SKY. WHY GO TO RAIN FROM THE LAND OF YOUR BIRTH? BECAUSE IT RAINS OVER THE EARTH.

Send for illustrated circular to
M. EHRET, JR., & CO.,
423 Walnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

THRESHING MACHINES
A SPECIALTY.
Warranted Most Durable, Economical and perfect Separators on the market; cleans it ready for market.
THRESHING ENGINES and HORSE POWERS.
Pea Mills, Shingle Machines, Hay Presses, and Standard Implements generally.
A. B. FARQUAR CO. Limited.
York, Pa. | Pennsylvania Agricultural Works, YORK, PA.

SILENCE AND WISDOM.

The Two Virtues Do Not Always Go Hand in Hand.

While Many Forge to the Front by Keeping Their Mouths Closed, They Often Fail by Being Forced to Speak—Some Interesting Examples.

The silent man buildeth better than he knoweth. He acquires, wealth, reputation and the odor of sanctity. His forte is keeping quiet. He is the original of the poet who said: "Silence is golden."

But Sir Boyle Roche, the author of that famous Irish bull about the man who put his foot in it every time he opened his mouth, plainly outlived the ultimate fate of the silent man. For that, says the Chicago Herald, is the invariable fate of nearly all the men whose entire reputation rests on the rocky foundation of silence. Lucky he who has already achieved a competence on the strength of his silence. In nine cases out of ten he talks too much when he talks at all.

However, there is generally a day when he is found out. To illustrate: Several years ago a young man went to the general office of one of our leading railroad companies in town. He was the bearer of strong letters of recommendation from an old friend of the manager in a small rural town. The letters referred especially heavy to the discretion—"unusual for his years"—of the young man, on his marvelous capacity for keeping his mouth shut. The manager, who had been on the lookout for just such a young man, at once gave him a berth in his private office. He prospered amazingly, for all that was required of him was to exercise his natural talent—keeping his mouth shut. The manager swore by him. Other men in the office caught the infection. Every clerk came to look upon Mr. Tytelipps—let us call him Tytelipps for short—as a phenomenon, as a model young man. Everybody marveled how this country-bred young man had acquired so much wisdom. Thus Mr. Tytelipps rose, step by step, and his salary with him. One day he was inducted into a high and responsible position, commanding an almost princely remuneration. For a little while it was all right. He continued to keep his mouth shut. But there was a turn in the tide. At a directors' meeting some information and suggestions bearing on the better working of the department whose head Mr. Tytelipps had shortly become was called for. Mr. Tytelipps' assistant, a man who had grown gray in the service of the company and who knew all about the ins and outs of the department to a T (but who had the misfortune once in awhile to talk too much), was sick at home. So Tytelipps himself had to respond. And when the questions had been fired at him and the board was waiting to be enlightened Tytelipps shook his head sagely, coughed and hemmed and hawed. That "didn't go." He had to do some talking. Then the directors unanimously came to the conclusion that Tytelipps was a monumental ass and ought to be bounced. And he was bounced not long after. At least he was reduced to the ranks. But he couldn't stand this long. He went, and when last heard from he was peddling matches or apples or something.

Another case was that of Mr. Bungstarter, who became connected with the business office of a large newspaper concern in this city some years ago. His antecedents were similar to those of Mr. Tytelipps'—that is, they were lost in the obscurity of some small village. He came highly recommended. He looked wise and kept his mouth shut, and he proceeded on his way upward at a Maud S. pace. Finally he was put in charge of the advertising department, and his salary was made high enough to earn him the envy of all the brilliant geniuses in the editorial-room—men who had forgotten a great deal more than Mr. Bungstarter could by any possibility ever have learned. It was all right for a spell. Bungstarter still kept his mouth shut, and the bright men working under him looked upon him as they had before—as the embodiment of dignity, classic repose and mastodonic intellect. One afternoon, though, a small advertising patron, a man of no account whatever, happened to alight on the majestic Bungstarter. The point at issue was a matter of a couple of dollars. The advertiser undoubtedly was right. He explained things to Bungstarter, and he proved by receipts and other papers that he was right. But Bungstarter couldn't see it. It was really no fault of his. Bungstarter's brain was simply not large enough to grasp the facts and figures. So he didn't give in to the advertising patron. But the latter was a fighter and a man determined to have his rights. He raised his voice, and after again and again explaining things to Bungstarter and getting no satisfaction, he forthwith issued a pronunciamento against Bungstarter, calling him, in the presence and hearing of the office employes, an etc., etc., fool, who had no business to occupy the responsible position he did, and winding up with the assertion that within a fortnight the owners and business manager of the paper would coincide with him and give him the g. b. The advertiser made it his business to explain the occurrence to every man he knew. He went to the owners of the paper. In making explanations on his own side Bungstarter so effectually proved that the other man was right in calling him a fool that he really was discharged.

There are quite a number of Tytelipps and Bungstarters in town, but they are not generally known. But they will be one of these days; and that the day may come a little earlier than it otherwise would this sketch possibly will help to achieve.

Practice and Theory.

Practice and theory must go together. Theory without practice to test it, to verify it, to correct it, is idle speculation; but practice without theory to animate it is mere machanism. In every art and business theory is the soul and practice the body. The soul, without the body in which to dwell, is indeed only a ghost, but a body without a soul is only a corpse.

Portable Coal-Gas.

An English inventor claims to have a system by which coal-gas can be compressed into eight per cent. of its natural bulk, and in that shape carried about and turned into an illuminant at any time by simply turning a stop-cock and lighting the evaporation.

THE MISTLETOE.

Enough of It Growing in This Country for All Festal Purposes.

There is mistletoe growing in our own country quite good enough to answer all the festal purposes of the mistletoe descended from that which the old Druids in their white robes cut with a golden sickle just after the new of the moon, and distributed for charms against all evil to their believing tribes. It is not, indeed, the true and ancient mistletoe; but it takes a botanist and a good one to tell you why not; and it is quite as interesting in its appearance, with the long, olive-like leaves and the singular translucent berry with a gleam of green in its whiteness, something between a moonstone and a pale cat's-eye quartz in tint. It grows any where in the Virginia latitudes, abounds upon the mesquite in Texas, and is usually to be found in the Washington flower market through the Christmas holidays.

The plant is certainly beautiful and curious; but except for its parasitical origin and growth, which gave it a sort of a mystery to the unlearned and primitive mind, it is difficult to see why it ever attained such eminence as it had, although it is true that the Druids gave it veneration only when found growing on the oak, which was sacred to the sun—the Druidical worship and that of the old Persians having much in common; but it held with them, for whatever reason, an important part in the great rites of the winter solstice, corresponding to our Christmas festivities. One of the old northern myths makes the dart which killed the beautiful Balder out of the mistletoe, which alone of all nature had not been bound to do him no harm, possibly as showing that there is nothing in the universe without significance, and "with Him there is no great nor small." Nowadays the strange plant is found less often on the oak than on the apple tree, where it kills out whole orchards, being all but indestructible itself, and living just as long as there is any sap in the tree it has chosen; in some regions it has, indeed, become more profitable to raise and sell than the apples would be. In England, and in the wild state, it is most often sown by the missel-thrush; but it is raised artificially by crushing the berries on a bough, to which their glutinous matter adheres and where they generate; others make a slit with a penknife on the underside of a branch, so that it may not be observed by the birds, and there insert the seed, and something of a weird and mysterious character is seen in a species of intelligence manifested by it, since, in whatever direction the seed is pointed, the radical will turn toward the surface, and fasten itself in such manner as to draw the most nutriment it can, and it has even been successfully grafted upon another miseltoe. That it should still have a part in our Christmas keeping is owing to the fact that we always have a tenderness toward the customs of our ancestors.—Harper's Bazar.

FORCE IN SILENCE.

How John Randolph Defeated Campbell, the Scotch Logician.

In painting the great picture of the sacrifice of Iphigenia the artist, it is said, exhausted the emotions of grief and horror in the faces of the bystanders.

"He has left nothing unsaid. How can he depict her father's sorrow?" asked anxiously his friends who were watching the development of the picture. He threw a mantle over Agamemnon's face. The blank silence was more effective than any pictured woe.

One of the most extraordinary effects produced by absolute silence is recorded in the reports of a convention in which the foremost men of Virginia took part. John Randolph had a measure to carry in which he looked for the opposition of Alexander Campbell, afterward founder of a large sect, a man then noted for his scholarship and power in debate.

Randolph had never seen the Scotch logician, but he had heard enough of him to make him and his partisans uneasy. When, therefore, the gaunt stranger first rose to speak in the convention, Randolph looked at him with such an air of alarm as to attract the whole attention of the convention, and as he glanced around seemed to be asking for sympathy in his coming defeat. He then composed himself to listen in rapt attention.

Campbell, aware of this by-play, hesitated and lost the thread of his argument. Randolph's face by turns as he listened expressed weariness, indifference and finally unspeakable contempt. He leaned back and yawned. Campbell sat down hastily. He had lost the whole force of his speech. Not a word had been spoken, but he was defeated.—Youth's Companion.

PREMATURE BURIAL.

The Awful Possibility Made Evident by a Personal Experience.

In view of the many strange nervous, cataleptic and kindred conditions which are so common nowadays it is not unreasonable to call attention to the possibilities, which would seem occasionally to occur, of premature burial.

A narrow escape of this was recently communicated direct to the writer.

The lady was the wife of the medical officer attached to the —th regiment; she was stationed at —— Island, where at the age of twenty-eight she was safely confined. Shortly after this she was walking out with an attendant when she was taken suddenly ill with a painful spasm of the heart—what appears to have been an attack of angina pectoris—and was conveyed indoors and propped up with pillows, suffering great pain, and although medical attendance was summoned, nothing was of avail, and she died—at least in the opinion of those around her. It was the custom there to bury at sundown any one who died during the day.

She would never have lived to tell the story but for an accident, which happened in this way: Her nurse, who was much attached to her, was stroking her face and the muscles of her jaw, and presently declared she heard a sound of breathing. Medical assistance was summoned and the mirror test applied, but the surface was undimmed. Then, to make sure, they opened a vein in each arm, but no blood flowed. No limb responded to stimulus, and they declared that the nurse was mistaken, and that the lady was dead beyond doubt.

But the nurse persisted in her belief and in her attentions, and did succeed in establishing a sign of life. Then mustard applications to her feet and to the back of her neck, and burnt feathers applied to her nostrils, which she remembers burning her nose, completed her return to consciousness.—Tocsin.

MODERN MALADIES.

Diseases Following in the Train of Progressing Civilization.

All About Railroad Kidney, Telephone Tinnitus, Electrical Sun-Stroke, Telescopic Eye and Numerous Other New-Fangled Ailments.

As every pleasure in life brings its corresponding pain or bitterness, so it may be said that every civilized aid to existence devised for human kind develops an agency for introducing new ills to torment alike suffering flesh and the Esculapian brain. The invention of steam locomotion, telegraph and telephone instruments, electric lighting and various time and labor-saving machines, while adding so much to public comfort and convenience, have also brought into existence curious diseases, which, according to the Times and Register, form interesting contributions to medical science, although less interesting and more expensive to the suffering victim. Railroad spine, or railroad shock, an affection unknown before travel by rail became so common, has been a familiar malady for some time; but one more recent is railroad kidney, a disease not unlike Bright's disease, but of nervous origin, due to concussions received on railroads. There is a disturbance of the general system, especially of the functions of the kidneys, the symptoms disappearing when the sufferer leaves his regular work. The overuse of the telephone produces a curious disease, in some respects a form of asemasia, a volitional overstraining of certain powers by which we perceive spoken words when we can not see the speaker or perceive his gestures or the movement of his lips, thus creating confusion of ideas, general nervousness and lack of self-control. Certain of the senses are developed at the expense of others, the natural equilibrium being unbalanced. Telephone tinnitus, aural overpressure, is caused by the constant strain of the auditory apparatus in persons who use the telephone continually, the ear becoming intolerant of the tinkle of the bell. The symptoms are buzzing noises in the ear, dizziness, neuralgic pains, and, in some instances, a sub-inflammatory condition of the membrana tympani. The telegraphers' cramp and the professional akinesia are of the same order of affections as the writers' cramp or the violinists' cramp. Electrical sunstroke is an affection that attacks those who are exposed to the intense rays of the electric arc used in fusing or welding metals, protection against this being afforded by wearing a mask of gray taffeta and gray eye-glasses. Ophthalmia photo-electrica is an inflammation of the eye in persons employed about electric lights, and is caused by looking at these brilliant lights at a short distance away. A succession of bright spots rapidly follow one another over the visual field, and at night there is inability to look at light without pain and a profuse flow of tears; the eyelids are swollen and movements of the eye painful. This lasts a few hours, and is succeeded by a feeling of painful weariness. The ordinary telescopic vision is a disease by which the visual field is limited concentrically, and the sufferer can finally see nothing except that which is directly in front of his eye; this condition being due to lack of nutrition of the retina or to some disease of the periphery. An affection of vision similar to the telescopic eye may also be produced by the action of quinine. The telescopic eye, peculiar to light-house keepers is a thickening and enlarging of the bony walls of the orbit, caused by the persistent and repeated pressure at the end of the telescope upon the surroundings of the eye, inducing a chronic form of periostitis or ostitis: the eye gradually protruding, but not becoming myopic or astigmatic. The divers' bends is a new form of caisson disease, which attacks the victim on his return to the open air with nervous prostration. The cavities connected with the nasal passages are obstructed in some cases completely while the men are at work, and in some cases extreme deafness has been induced. The sufferers often reel and stagger like drunkards, and sometimes are affected with partial paralysis. Electricity has been used with success for the treatment of this disease. Civilized indulgences and vanities have also contributed their share of the diseases that afflict the modern world. Tight shoes, by compressing the nerves of the foot, have created "Morton's toe." Then the tennis elbow and base-ball shoulder tell their own story; while chronic catarrh is in a large number of cases said to be due to cigarette throat, the result of smoking the much-condemned but still favorite cigarette. Inventive genius is still at work improving the arts and sciences, and so the demon of disease, ever on the alert, will doubtless swoop down with his attendant ills to the end of time, keeping progress with the march of civilization.

WITHOUT A TICKET

A Passenger Proves Himself Able to Travel Free of Expense.

The other day on a certain railway a man got into one of the cars, says the New York Ledger, and presently began talking to a fellow-passenger. After a time he asked the gentleman whether he had heard the story about how a man traveled without a ticket. The gentleman said he had not; so the man asked him to lend him his ticket, that he might show him how it was done, and began fiddling about with it, but pretended that the story had suddenly slipped out of his head, but that he would be sure to remember it soon. After a time the train got near New York, and, as the man still could not remember the story, he returned the gentleman his ticket (after tearing a bit off of it) and started for the door. This struck the gentleman as being very curious, and so he watched the man. When he was reached by the conductor and asked for his ticket he said he had given it up; but the conductor denied it, and, after a deal of altercation the man pulled some silver out of his pocket and was about to pay his fare, when he suddenly said—producing a small piece of a ticket—that he could prove that he had given up his ticket, because he remembered playing with it in the train and tearing off a small piece, and that if the conductor looked he would find a ticket with a piece torn off. On looking, the conductor found a ticket with a piece torn off, and, of course, accepted the man's statement.

A CLEVER WIFE'S RUSE.

How She Persuaded Her Husband to Take Her to Europe.

"Women are smarter than men every time," said the manager of a large tourist excursion business in an argument over the respective qualities of the sexes to a New York Times reporter, "and I can tell you a little story to back my statement that I think is a clincher. When I was in Chicago some years ago an elderly lady came into my office one day and asked me to prepare a trip to the continent for her husband and herself. I set to work on it the following morning and had just about finished the schedule when a man came rushing in, introduced himself as the husband of my previous day's caller, and told me to stop my work. He said he did not want to go to Europe, and he wouldn't go, and he would be blessed if his wife was going either. He notified me also that he held the family purse-strings, and then departed.

"I threw the schedule away with a mild objurgatory remark about female ways and started in on something else.

"Half an hour later in came the lady, and said that I was not to bother with what her husband said. She told me that the trip was going to be made, and that he was going with her, and that when she made up her mind to do any thing she generally did it. She left a one-hundred-dollar guarantee with me to finish up the itinerary, and I went ahead.

"When the starting day came around the husband walked in to see me, paid up like a little man, and went away with his tickets, but he offered no explanation as to his change of mind.

"In the fall of that year I met the couple on the steamer coming home, and one night over our cigars the husband told me the story of how his wife persuaded him to take the trip.

"'She didn't say a word to me on the subject,' said he, 'after the day I called on you to countermand her orders, and I swelled with pride to think how easily I had knocked the idea out of her head. On the Sunday morning before I called on you again we went to church as usual, and after the sermon and just as I was preparing my mind for dinner, the pastor nearly stunned me by announcing that my wife and I were to start for Europe in a few days, and that we wished the prayers of the congregation. All eyes were turned on our pew at once, and every body joined in the requested prayer. What could I do but look thankful? I had a bad fifteen minutes' walking home, and I didn't enjoy dinner a bit; but the funny side of the affair struck me in the afternoon, and before long I was congratulating my wife on her cleverness, and looking forward with interest to the journey myself.'"

CONCERNING CATARACT.

A Disease of the Eye Which Usually Attacks Elderly Persons Only.

The crystalline lens of the eye is situated just behind the pupil, and lies between two fluids, the aqueous in front and the vitreous behind. Its object is to focus the rays of light which pass through the pupil upon the retina behind, where they act upon the terminal ends of the optic nerve, and thus give vision. This lens seems to get its sustenance from the fluids in which it is immersed, and when disease of its structure occurs it probably arises from some lack of proper nutrition from these sources.

Perfect transparency of the lens is essential to good vision. When any portion of it becomes opaque the entrance of light is obstructed, or it passes through in an irregular manner, and loss of vision, more or less complete, results. The condition of opaqueness constitutes what is known as a cataract. It may affect only a portion of the lens, or the whole may be so dense as to prevent the perception of any object, though it can never of itself be so complete as to shut off entirely the sensation of light.

Cataract may be congenital, or it may come on in youth or in adult life, but by far the majority of cases occur in persons over fifty years of age, in whom it takes the name of senile cataract. Generally there is found some embarrassment in the use of the eyes for a longer or shorter period before the opacity is visible to the eye.

The cloudiness usually has a definite starting-point, and from that place it may progress until the whole lens is involved, or it may be arrested spontaneously in any part of its course. Such cases of arrest have given rise to the belief that certain nostrums will prevent the formation of cataract, or will remove it.

In reality no means is known of staying or preventing it. The only hope lies in removing the mechanical obstruction by surgical methods.

The form of cataract which follows an injury is explained by the fact that the capsule which surrounds the lens is ruptured, and a portion of the fluid enters the lens and produces a sodden condition at one point, from which the disintegration may continue.

There seems to be a predisposition to the formation of cataract in some people, for in elderly persons, when one eye has become affected, the other is very likely to pass through the same experience.

While it is best, in order to get the most satisfactory result, to delay the operation until the cataract is "ripe," that period being the time when it is most easily removed, one should never wait until the sight is entirely lost, for there is danger that the process may go so far as to render any operation entirely fruitless.—Youth's Compani

The Preacher's Encomium.

There recently died a man who had for years kept a drug store in Medford. He was respected, and when death came it was natural that his funeral should be largely attended. The clergyman thought it wise, as a part of the funeral service, to say a good word for him. He spoke of him as invariably honest in his dealings, and as being especially skilled in his profession. "I always traded at his store," he continued, "and it is but just to say that he always recognized my cloth." Whether this was said as an expression of gratitude for past favors in special discounts or as a hint to the deceased druggist's successor no one knows.

How Water Gas Is Made.

Water gas is a gas made from water, as its name implies. The water is atomized and a jet of naphtha injected, which gives it its illuminating power. It is considered much cheaper than coal gas on account of the cheapness of material.

POPULAR SCIENCE.

Information on Many Points of General Interest.

Temperature of Trees—Longevity of Elephants—Relation of Plants to Soil—Structure of Pulpy Fruits or Berries.

TEMPERATURE OF TREES.—From some observations recorded by Mr. H. L. Russell in the Botanical Gazette, it appears that as a general rule the temperature of the interior of a tree is somewhat higher than that of the air, except during the warmer parts of the day, the maximum temperature of the air being generally between one and two p. m., and the minimum between six and seven a. m. The comparative tables show that heat is absorbed and radiated more rapidly in the outer layers than in the center.

Experiments made at a time when the buds were starting, in order to determine whether the chemical action carried on in the tissues gives rise to heat, led to the conclusion that it is very doubtful whether the metabollic processes involved generate enough heat to influence the ordinary thermometer. A curious difference, however, was discovered in the wood of the oak and pine in winter, the author having found that the temperature of the pine was lower than that of the oak at all times except during the latter part of the night and early morning. This is attributed to the thick coating of the leaves on the pine preventing absorption of heat by the trunk, since the larch, which has similar wood, resembles the oak rather than the pine in the matter of temperature. The further conclusion is reached that the direct absorption of heat is the main cause of the high temperature of trees, and that it is largely dependent upon the character of the bark, smooth-barked trees being warmer as a rule than thick-barked ones.

LONGEVITY OF ELEPHANTS.—The journals of Ceylon have recently mentioned the death of an elephant that was well known on the island and had been seen by several generations of Englishmen. He was called Sello and had belonged to the last of the Kings of Kandy. He was one of the hundred elephants that were taken by the English Government in 1815, when the Kandyan Dynasty was overthrown. At this epoch the elephant was said to be fifteen years old. If this is correct, he died a natural death at the age of eighty-nine years.

RELATION OF PLANTS TO SOIL.—Mr. G. Ville, in a paper read before the Academy of Sciences of Paris, shows that the composition of the soil influences plants in five principal characters, viz.: The stature, the color, the amount of carotine and chlorophyl and the quantity of vegetation. A table is given showing the difference in stature and color of plants of the common hemp according to the manure used, from which it is evident that this plant flourishes least in soil without manure, next in manure without potash and in manure without nitrogen. The absence of lime and phosphate in the manure in the case of hemp did not interfere so largely with the color and stature of the plants. It would appear, therefore, that rich manure is essential, at least, to the development of foliage.

STRUCTURE OF PULPY FRUITS.—To the Annals of Botany Mr. J. B. Farmer contributes an article in which, after pointing out the very different sources of the pulp in different fruits, he gives detailed descriptions of its mode of formation in the cider, dulcamara, blackberry and ivy. The term berry is usually applied to fruits in which the pulp or succulent tissue is derived from the pericarp, but in Daphne mezereon it is formed not only from the pericarp, but from the outer integument of the seed also. In Citrus it is due to hairs which spring into the ovarian cavities and become distended with fluid. In Vitis and Solanum Dulcamara the pulp is formed partly from the placenta and partly from the pericarp. In the latter, after fertilization of the ovary, the cells of the placenta grow out between the seeds, so as to give them the appearance of being sunk in it, and this growth is continued until met by a similar growth from the pericarp, so that the cavity of the ovary is then filled up with pulpy tissue. The outermost layer of cells of the ovules also undergo a change, their inner and side walls becoming lignified and the outer wall becoming mucilaginous and forming part of the mucilage of the pulp, just as it does in linseed. The red color of dulcamara berries is due to the appearance of a large number of chromoplastids derived from the chlorophyl granules. At the same time that this formation takes place the starch in the fruit becomes changed to sugar.

TOADS IN UNDRESS.

The Novel Way the Frog's Rival Gets Rid of Needless Covering.

It is safe to say but few people have ever been fortunate enough to catch a toad in the act of changing his skin. A man who professes to have been an interested eye-witness to such a transaction describes the novel operation.

The toad pressed his elbows against his sides downward. After a few smart rubs his skin began to burst open along his back, but he appeared to be unconcerned, and kept on rubbing until he had worked his skin into folds on his sides and hips.

Then, grasping one hind leg with his forelegs, he pulled the skin from the leg as slick as a man would remove a pair of pants, then stripped the other hind leg in the same way. He next took the cast-off portion of his cuticle and pulled it forward between his forelegs until he could catch it in his mouth, whereupon he forthwith began to swallow it; then by raising and lowering his head, swallowing as the head bent forward each time, he stripped off the skin underneath until it came to his forelegs.

At this stage of the curious proceedings he grasped one of the forelegs with the opposite paw, and by much pulling stripped off the skin; changing hands, he stripped the other, and by a slight motion of the head, all the time swallowing, he drew it from the neck and swallowed the whole. The entire operation occupied but a few minutes.

Two Angels in One Grave.

The following inscription is to be read on a gravestone in Pere la Chaise: "Here lies Gabrielle X., my adored spouse, an angel! I shall never get over her loss! . . . Here lies Henriette X., my second wife, an angel also!"

WHAR'S MY NIGGER?

A Gambling Story of the Good Old Ante-Bellum Days.

In the month of January, 1860, in going down the big river from Vicksburg to New Orleans, I happened to strike a boat on which were half a dozen professional gamblers, says a New York Sun writer. There was a large number of other passengers and a game was going on in the cabin night and day. I happened to fall in with two young men at the start and incidentally learned that they had been off on a speculation which turned out disastrously and were returning home so close to dead broke that they could only raise $20 between them. On the second night one of them came into the game with his money and in the course of an hour won $700. Then luck shifted and he was cleaned out. As his last dollar went the banker inquired:

"Have you any thing to raise a stake on?"

"Yes. Whar's my nigger?" was the reply.

"Yere, Mars John!" answered a voice, and a "young and likely," as it used to be termed, negro boy about twenty years old entered the cabin and bowed very humbly.

"Tuar's a nigger who is worth $1,600 in gold," said the young man. "How much will you put against him?"

"Twelve hundred."

"Done!"

In just forty minutes the last dollar was gone, luck and trickery being too many for the young fellow, and as he rose up the "banker" called out:

"Luck seems to hate some folks. Whar's my nigger?"

No one could answer, but a search for him was at once instituted. Three or four men looked high and low, but he could not be found, and it was finally concluded that he had gone overboard. There was a great deal of "cussing around," but it didn't help matters any, and all finally turned in for the night. When I went to my state-room I found the wash-bowl full of black water, and a strange coat and hat on the floor. I was wondering over these things when one of the young men came in—the one who had not played.

"I came to remove these things," he explained. "I got into your room by mistake, you see."

"But what does it mean?"

"It means that I am the 'nigger' who was put against $1,200 and lost."

"What an idea!"

"Yes, we ought to have made $1,000 apiece, but it was no go. Hope you'll excuse my intrusion and keep mum."

And all the rest of the way down to New Orleans the passengers mourned the death of that "likely nigger," and wondered whether he went right down or died by inches.

AN ECONOMICAL WIFE.

The Affecting Way in Which She Cheered Her Dying Husband.

Mrs. W. was a practical soul, and she came of a family which through all the country side was renowned as being "near." In other words, says the St. Paul Globe, she came of a race of people who were the reverse of generous, and in herself she was, it may be added, the flower of their qualities. She had an excellent husband, but he was stricken down with typhoid-pneumonia, and one morning the physician in charge announced to the weeping wife that he could live only a few hours at most. In her way Mrs. W. was fond of her husband, and she was greatly affected by the verdict which announced her approaching separation from him. The scene between her and her husband was affecting in the extreme, and the nurse, who was present in the background, was moved to tears by the agonized fervor of Mrs. W.'s grief.

"George," the weeping wife said at last, "what clothes do you want to have on when—when—"

Tears choked her utterance, and her husband feebly murmured that it did not matter to him any more how he was arrayed.

"Then you won't mind, dearest," she said, between her sobs, "if we put on your old pants? The new ones haven't been worn but once, and we can send them back to the tailor, and no one will notice what sort of pants you have on in the co'—co'—coffin."

Dear George was too far gone either to care what trousers were used for the arraying of his remains for the tomb or to appreciate the perfection of his wife's economy. He simply moaned and gave up the ghost, leaving his wife free to practice any economical device which should occur to her frugal mind in the arrangements which followed in doleful sequence.

TYROLEAN FARMERS.

They Have to Fight a Fearful Struggle for Mere Existence.

The struggle for mere existence with these poor people (the Tyrolese) is a fearful one, something that an American farmer never even dreamed of. The summer days are so few and so rainy that hay can be made only by tying the grass around poles to dry, free from the ground, and they may often be seen mowing in the rain, hoping that the sun will come out long enough to partly dry out the grass when cut.

The men when mowing generally have on white aprons, looking much like a lot of barbers or waiters pressed into service. This is due, probably, to the fact that the women do the most of the mowing, and when a man has to do it he wants to look as much like a woman as possible, so as not to be recognized.

Throughout the most of Europe the peasants or farmers live in villages and go every morning and evening from two to four miles to their land and back, at a great loss of time and thought.

It is a rare thing to see separate houses in this country. In Tyrol and Switzerland the houses are more scattered, and one may often see them perched so far up on the mountain side that it would seem impossible to get to them, and frequently a hamlet of a dozen or twenty houses will be found lying almost in the clouds, nearly at the timber line, in the most unexpected places.—Chicago Journal.

Different Kinds of Men.

A philosopher who has plumbed the depths of science may nevertheless seem very ignorant in good society. He may be a chemist, but the "chemical affinities" are not subjects for drawing-room chat. There are celebrities, however, who add to a thorough knowledge of one field of study a familiar acquaintance with almost every topic discussed by the thinking world. It is delightful to meet with such men.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, - - JULY 18, 1890.

Democratic State Ticket.

For Governor,
ROBERT E. PATTISON, of Philadelphia.
For Lieutenant Governor,
CHAUNCEY F. BLACK, of York.
For Secretary of Internal Affairs,
WILLIAM H. BARCLAY, of Allegheny.

Democratic County Ticket.

For Congress,
THOMAS H. GREEVY.
Subject to the decision of Democratic conference.
For Assembly,
M. FITZHARRIS, of Gallitzin.
ED. T. McNEELIS, of Johnstown.
For Treasurer,
CHARLES J. MAYER, of Johnstown.
For Commissioners,
PATRICK E. DILLON, of Eider Twp.
JOHN KIRBY, of Johnstown.
For Auditors,
WILLIAM C. BERRY, of Wilmore.
JOSEPH HIPPS, of Chest Twp.
For Poor House Director,
S. W. MILLER, of Johnstown.

HON. HUGH MCCULLOCH, ex-Secretary of the Treasury, is seriously ill in Washington.

MRS. FRANCIS B. SWAN has been appointed a poor director at Scranton. This is the first instance of a woman being chosen to such an office in this State.

THE Louisiana lottery company has succeeded in having the lottery bill passed over the veto of the Governor of the State. The opponents of the measure in consequence have drawn nothing but blanks.

HAMILTON DISSTON, the Philadelphia millionaire, Republican, says the passage of the Force bill would prove a peril to the business interest of the south in which millions of northern capital is invested.

SOME of the Republicans insist that this will be a talking campaign, but we doubt it. For instance Delamater is not likely to do any talking about Emery's declaration and it is not expected that Colonel Quay will have a great deal to say concerning the grave charges which have been preferred against him.

EX POSTMASTER WM. F. HARRITY, of Philadelphia, who was chosen State Chairman at the Scranton Convention, owing to business interests was compelled to decline the position. On Wednesday, at a meeting of the State Central Committee at Harrisburg, Congressman James Kerr, of Clearfield, was unanimously elected State Chairman.

GEN. WM. H. KOONTZ, a prominent Republican of Somerset county recently said in a public interview: "I have been trying to find out what claims Senator Delamater has on the Goveraorship. I don't know of anything that he has done to merit the nomination, and if he hadn't been the choice of the machine he never would have been selected, in my judgement."

THE secretary of the treasury has wired instructions to the collector of customs at San Francisco to send twenty-four Chinese, recently captured on the Arizona border while endeavoring to smuggle themselves into the United States, back to their native country. They will be shipped to China on the first steamer that sails from San Francisco to that country.

THE House Committee on military affairs at Washington, has decided to report with a favorable recommendation a bill reviving the grade of lieutenant general in the army. The bill provides that the person appointed under the act, with whose death or retirement the office is to expire, shall receive the same pay received by Gen. Sheridan while lieutenant general. The bill aims to re-create the office in order that the distinguished war services rendered by Maj. Gen Schofield or some other officer may be recognized. Under its provisions the President may appoint the officer he believes to be best entitled to the honor without regard to relative rank.

THE Republican conference for the 25th Congressional District composed of the counties of Mercer, Lawrence Butler and Beaver, the home of that (according to the late Republican State Convention) immaculate statesman Senator Quay has got into a pretty muddle. Congressman Townsend, of Beaver county who has served one term was laid on the shelf and Major McDonald, of Lawrence county, has been nominated, but it is alleged that his nomination was purchased by barefaced bribery and affidavits and confessions are made in support of the accusations. The Republican County Committee of Beaver county has been called to meet on Saturday next, to investigate the charges, but it is believed that the scandal will be hushed up for the good of the g. o. p.

THE leaders of the majority in the House of Representatives, says the Philadelphia *Record*, hope before long to stir their obedient followers to pernicious activity in devising and passing a new Congressional Apportionment bill. It is believed at the Census Office that the official count can be declared by the middle of August; and this is all that would be needed to establish a basis for re-apportionment. Whether Dictator Reed and his partisan tools shall pass an Apportionment bill will depend on their estimates of the political results of such a measure. The new members would all have to be elected at large; and in the present temper of the public mind there wouldn't be much of a chance for the Republican candidates in New York, Ohio, or even in Illinois. But this consideration will scarcely deter the desperate conspirators if they shall discern ultimate partisan advantage in rushing through an Apportionment bill.

THE surplus no longer exists. It has vanished to the four winds, so to speak, and the country knows it no longer. Senator and ex-Speaker Carlisle discusses the subject as follows:

"The regular annual appropriations already passed and those pending, which of course must, in the main, pass, amount to $359,000,000. With the permanent appropriations, amounting to $110,000,000, added, the appropriations for the fiscal year upon which the Gov has just entered are swelled to $469,000,000—a pretty sum in truth. If you will add to the $469,000,000 already included in my estimate the $12,000,000 for the sugar bounties and the shipping subsidies and $12,000,000 only for the new pension, the aggregate will increase to $493,000,000. The estimate receipts furnished by the secretary of the treasury are $450,000,000. The deficit will therefore amount to $43,000,000.

"When a private individual's expenses exceed his revenues he exhausts his capital and becomes bankrupt. The Government of the United States will have become technically bankrubt when its expenditures exceeds its revenue, like some foreign Goverments of which we hear. Of course, the Government at present has infinite resources. There is the Treasury reserve, and then the sinking fund payments may be stopped by legislation; but it will be a new experience for the large number of the citizens of the American Union to witness the Government drawing on the Treasury reserve and suspending the sinking fund.

"You will perceive that there is no theory on which to argue; but an actual condition exists for the people of the United States to consider. We have a series of cold facts before us, and a comparison of the footings of the credit and the debit columns of figures reveals the chilly truth that the great surplus of the Treasury no longer exists.

"There is an additional expenditure to be added. It will arise if the Federal elections bill passes the Senate and is generally put in operation. The estimate of cost on which I find that many competent authorities agree is $10,000,000. Of course, there are no precedents to guide them in arriving at the figures mentioned, but I think the sum of $10,000,000 is not too large. The deficit would thus amount to $53,000,000. But the force bill has not yet passed."

EX-SENATOR WALLACE last week, says the Philadelphia *Times*, sailed from New York for Europe to be absent from six weeks to two months. He will be at home not later than the first week in September, when he will take an active part in the campaign for the Democratic ticket.

All the speculations about Wallace going abroad because of his disappointment at Scranton, is the merest bosh of blathering organs. He has important personal business in London, to which he gave some months last winter and left it in an unfinished condition; and he takes a season of rest that would have been denied him had he been nominated for Governor, and hopes to consummate pending business negotiations.

Of course, Wallace was disappointed in the action of the Scranton Convention, but he isn't a Democratic crybaby who assumes that a great party is a mere rattle to amuse men at will. He is too big and too broad a leader for any such childish pranks, and he well knows that men are made for parties and that parties are not made for men. He will be in good trim, for the fight when he returns from Europe, and there will be no laggards in the Wallace ranks.

GEN. JOHN CHARLES FREMONT, died at his home, in New York City, on Sunday Afternoon from inflamation of the bowels, in the 58 year of his age. General Fremont was born at Savansh, Georgia, in 1813 and was educated at Charleston college. For two years he taught mathematics in the navy and afterward turned his attention to civil engineering. In 1840 he received a commission from President Van Buren as second Lieutenant in the corps of topographical engineers and in 1842 explored the South Pass and discovered the route to California. He served one term as United States Senator from the New State of California taking his seat in 1850. In 1855 he removed to New York and at the first Republican National Convention held at Philadelphia in 1856 received the nomination for the Presidency, but was defeated by Buchanan. At the breaking out of the civil war he was made a major general but soon after resigned his commission when General Pope was placed over him. A few months ago he was granted a liberal pension by the Government, but did not live long to enjoy it.

EX-STATE SENATOR LEWIS EMERY, it is understood, says the Harrisburg *Patriot* proposes to take the stump in the coming campaign and reiterate the charges which he had made against the Rebublican candidate for Governor. If he should do so the Republican party organs will endeavor to throw cold water on his work, but surely no right thinking voter will be influenced by what these partisan journals may say.

Mr. Emery is either right or he is wrong and only an investigation can determine which is which. If Mr. Delamater did not buy his Senatorial seat then Mr. Emery should be held to re sponsibility for his charge and if he did use corrupt means to get into the Senate, he of course, is not the man to be made Governor of this commonwealth.

The great mass of people of the State desire a satisfactory settlement of the matter and as a supplicant for their suffrage, Candidate Delamater is in duty bound to clean, if he can, the Emery mud spot from his political skirts. Let him take the advice of the Republican Philadelphia *Press* and speak out.

A CANVASS of the compositors of the daily newspapers of Pittsburg has been taken with the following result: Pattison 176; Delamater, 60; non-committal, 36. Thirty six of the Pattison voters are known to be Republicans.

The Pattison Republicans.

PHILADELPHIA, July 14.—In an interview to day Wharton Barker not only showed the dissatisfaction against Quay and Quayism exsting in the Republican ranks, but explained how the overthrow of that power is to be accomplished at the polls in November.

"You ask me," queried Mr. Barker, "whether I have received any letters from Republicans commending my step in coming out in support of Pattison? In answer I will say that from all over the State letters have been pouring in from prominent Republicans stating that not only would they support Pattison, but will use every honest end to see that he is elected.

"I tell you," and Mr. Barker's hands came together with an emphatic slap, "there will be nothing short of a revolution in Pennsylvania politics in November. The Republican majority will dwindle away until nothing is left and the anti Delamater majority loom up in its place. It will be but history repeating itself, when Folger was snowed under New York.

"I have received word from several exceptionally well-known Republicans, telling me that they intepd taking the stump this year in the interest of Pattison. I am not at liberty to mention their names yet, as plans for the campaign have not yet been formulated."

"What are these plans?,'

"Well, in a few days, probably a week, a conference of leading Republican politicians from the interior of the State will be held in my office and a plan of campaign agreed upon. To each man will be assigned some particular district, and he will have sole charge of working against Delamater is that section."

"Will you work in conjunction with the Democratic Committee?"

"No: that point we wish to make particularly apparent. We wish to show the Democratic State Committee and the anti-Delamater committee are totally distinct organizations. The election of Mr. Pattison as Governor of Pennsylvania is, of course, the common objective point, but there will be no collusion of the Democratic and the Pattison Republican forces."

But why should you wish that fact made particularly apparent?"

"For this reason. We want to show that the Democrats unaided would have probably—no, surely—lost. The entering of a Republican committee in the campaign in the interests of the Democrats is our protest against Quayism, and we—the Republicans who will not be ruled—will elect Mr. Pattison. We draw no party lines; we want to show to the entire United States that in this State at least there are men who, in the interests of honest government, will rise superior to party politics and help elect the man who, in their minds, is best fitted for the position. Mark my words: in November you will see nothing short of a revolution in Pennsylvania politics."

Terrific Powder Explosion.

CINCINNATI, July 15.—Two freight cars with sixteen tons of powder exploded at King's mills late this afternoon, causing the explosion of the cartridge factory, burning of several houses, the killing of six persons and the wounding of twenty men and women.

Two empty freight cars were being rolled onto a side track where a car containing five hundred kegs of gunpowder was standing. As the cars struck, there was a terrific explosion, and immediately afterward another car containing eight hundred kegs of gunpowder exploded, making thirteen hundred kegs altogether. William Frauly, a brakeman, was standing on one of the empty cars when the explosion occurred. His body must have been blown to atoms, as no trace of it has yet been found. The railway station and freight house belonging to the Little Miami railroad, together with all the adjacent buildings, were set on fire and totally consumed. The havoc wrought by the explosion is dreadful. The track and ties of the railroad are fairly torn out of the ground and great holes ploughed in the ground. The Peter's cartridge factory was burned to the ground, and nothing but a mass of blackened, smouldering ruins remains to mark the the spot where the building stood.

News from King's Mills at 9 o'clock to-night is that ten dead bodies have been taken from the ruins, and thirty are known to be wounded. Definite news is more likely to swell the list of casualties than to diminish it.

The Road to Promotion.

Some of the Republican papers in Pennsylvania are belaboring Wharton Barker for heading a revolt against the nomination of Mr. Delamater. Mr. Barker is warned among other things that he must never again hope for admission into the Republican fold. We do not know what anticipations Mr. Barker may cherish in this regard, but experience goes to show that he is taking the wisest course with his Republican friends if he seeks political advancement. The two Senators from New York broke away from their party, Mr. Hiscock supporting Greeley and Mr. Evarts being in the Cabinet of Johnson. Republican New York presented as a unanimous choice for the Presidency Mr. Depew, who ran on the Democratic ticket as Lieutenant Governor to help defeat the Republican canvass in 1872. Mr. Hayes rewarded Mr. Schurz for his opposition to Grant by calling him into the Cabinet. There were no two more persistent supporters of the Democrats in 1872 than Mr. Halstead and Mr. Reid. Mr. Harrison thought them worthy of the highest recognition in the diplomatic service. If Wharton Barker wants office under a Republican Administration he has taken the surest means of recognition.—*New York Herald.*

Charles S. Wolfe for Pattison.

HARRISBURG, July 9.—Charles S. Wolfe, the leader of the Republican revolt of 1882, said here to-day that he would vote for Pattison, although he preferred Delamater personally. Pattison, he said represented some vital principles with which he was in accord. He expressed his surprise that the Republican party of Pennsylvania permitted itself to be dominated as it is being dominated. The machine which was controlling nominations he hated, and whilst he had no personal admiration for Pattison he found it his duty to support him in his emergency. In his opinion a large number of Republicans would vote for the Democratic nominee to rebuke the Republican machine of the State. It would not be surprising to see Mr. Wolfe on the stump for Pattison.

Merit Wins.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. For sale at E. James,' Ebensburg, and W. W. McAteer, Loretto.

That bribery at Beaver is liable to make that great and good man, M. S. Quay, wept tears of anguish—because the other fellows got there first.

Senator Delamater's Duty.

On Friday evening, April 4, at a public meeting in Bradford, ex-Senator Lewis Emery Jr., made the following charges against Senator George W. Delamater:

I charge that he purchased his election to the Senate of this State in 1886; that he directly bribed citizens of Crawford county to vote for him at the general election, and that when a memorial had been contemplated to prevent him from taking the oath of office he paid large sums of money for the suppression of the said memorial.

I charge that he did take the oath of office, thereby committing the crime against the good name and statutes of the Commonwealth.

I charge, also, that during his services in the Senate he attempted to alter a public record by framing a conference report on a bill before it had been properly considered, contrary to all rules and practice, and signing or having had signed the names of the committee, and in so doing offended the dignity of the Legislature and the law of the Commonwealth.

I make these charges without fear of contradiction, and court an action at law whereby I may set my proof before the people oath-bound.

Coming from a Republican and a responsible citizen, these charges have been printed in newspapers of the State and have naturally attracted a good deal of attention and wide discussion. They are serious allegations to bring against any man, and so far no answer has been made.

We are not prepared to believe that such charges can successfully stand against Senator Delamater. He is a young man of conceded high ability and honorable ambition, and at this time a leading candidate for the Republican nomination for Governor of the State. He cannot afford to remain silent under accusations such as these, and coming with the emphasis and from the source that these do.

Senator Delamater owes it not merely to himself, but to the Republican party, whose candidate for the great office of Governor he expects to be, to meet these charges fully and completely and so strangle them that there shall never again be a chance for anybody either inside or outside the party to use them.

This is due the Republican people, who are now in possession of but one side of the story, and who may wrongly construe absolute silence. Delay or failure to make convincing answer cannot but prove unfortunate.

The *Press* makes this request of Senator Delamater in behalf of the Republicans of the State. It has taken no sides in the canvass for the Gubernatorial nomination; its candidate for Governor will be the nominee of the Convention. The party requires, however, that the nominee, whoever he may be, shall be one against whose character no charges can be successfully made. Senator Delamater can doubtless refute ex Senator Emery's allegations, and he ought to satisfy the whole Republican party of that fact. They are of too serious a nature to go unanswered.—*Phila. Press (Rep) April* 14.

Work of A Cyclone.

RED WING, MINN., July 14.—The crowning horror of last evening's cyclone was the sinking of the excursion steamer Sea Wing in the middle of Lake Pepin.

It is believed that fully 200 lives were lost, as the steamer was crowded with people returning from the encampment of the First Regiment of the National Guard, near this place.

The cyclone struck the steamer near Lake City, shortly after 8 o'clock, and in a few moments the vessel was capsized, carrying her passengers down to death.

Seventy-four bodies have been recovered by the rescuing parties sent out from the shore.

Unidentified bodies to the number of 62 have been recovered, and the work of rescue is being pushed by parties of the militia, who are encamped up the river.

Bodies of those drowned in Lake Pepin last night, to the number of 52, arrived in this city at about 6 o'clock this morning.

The whole town is in mourning.

Immediately upon the arrival of the steamer the bodies were carried to the respective homes of the deceased persons.

It is quite probable that there are yet fifty or sixty people missing in addition to the list of dead already recovered. It is thought that all of these are in the wreck which lies off the point near Lake City.

The undertaking establishment here is crowded with friends of the dead, and many cases of prostration have occurred. Business is completely at a standstill. John Gerkin, wife and five children, comprising the entire family, are among the dead.

It was learned this morning that Rod Mero, a brother of Charles Mero, an insurance agent of Minneapolis, was drowned, together with his entire family. They went down in each other's arms, and were picked up last night floating together in the embrace of death. The scenes at the Morgue are simply indescribable.

Miners for Pattison.

John B. Paisley, a labor leader from the Clearfield mining district, in an interview a few days ago said: "Our miners are disgusted with Quayism and think Pattison their friend. A careful canvass reveals that a general sentiment among the miners is in favor of Pattison. We do not expect anything from Quay or any personal representative he proposes to make Governor. He is too closely allied to corporations. Our little ones have at all times appealed in vain to us for bread when capital oppressed us, and we do not propose willingly to again put our enemies in power.

"We want a Governor who will place an intelligent veto on acts that may injure our cause. We have struggled long and nobly as laborers, and we are jealous of an enemy like Quay aspiring to a position in which he may injure us. Pattison favored a revision of the mining laws, listened to our petitions and always had a practical miner representing us in conference. As a representative of a numerous labor organization, I may truly say that the mining vote will go to Robert E. Pattison, the Republican miners, as well as the Democratic ones, being against Delamater."

No Peaches.

A contemporary remarks: There is no mistake this year about the failure of the Delaware peach crop and the blight of the fruit crop in South Jersey. The exceedingly mild weather coaxed the buds and blossoms to their April stage as early as January; and then the nipping frosts of February made short work of them. Many farmers will, in consequence, find themselves short of cash; and households will miss accustomed delicacies. It is tough luck.

A Safe Investment.

Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised Druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of throat, Lungs or Chest, such as Consumption, Inflamation of Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, etc., etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon. Trial bottles free at E. James,' Ebensburg, and W. W. McAteer, Loretto.

To despise our species is the price we must often pay for our knowledge.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—China's solitary railroad is 81 miles long and cost $9,000 a mile.

—Whether or not a funeral has the right of way is a question before the Pittsburg courts.

—Forty seven boys were drowned while bathing in the river at Pittsburg last year and forty-eight the year before.

—City Superintendent George J. Luckey and thirty teachers, of Pittsburg schools left last week for a tour to Europe.

—News of the heaviest wager ever laid was that of the Marquis of Hastings, who bet $300,000 on a single horse race—and lost.

—Charles Dietrich, of Pottsville, fell, overcome by heat, on a railroad track in front of an engine and was run over and killed.

—The Maori women of New Zealand are killing themselves trying to wear corsets, since they have seen them on missionary women.

—Foley's ten cent circus has been holding forth at Titusville ever since the 4th, trying to gather together enough shekels to pay off their indebtedness and get out of town.

—William Byerly, son of Professor A. R. Byerly, of Millersville State Normal School, was drowned while bathing in the Susquehanna river near Turkey Hill, Lancaster county, Saturday.

—It costs the English Government $2,962,000 annually to support Queen Victoria and her immediate family. It takes $5,000 to defray the railroad expenses to Balmoral on each visit of the Queen.

—The Kittanning roller mills, owned by J. Klingensmith, and leased by Borts Bros., were destroyed by fire on Thursday night of last week. The building was totally consumed with the exception of the engine house.

—Some unknown person poisoned a flock of 40 sheep belonging to three young women named Moore, near New Salem, Pa., with blue vitrol, and 29 of them died. An attempt was also made to poison the cows in the same field.

—The men employed in the British syndicate breweries of Indianapolis were formerly allowed each fifty glasses of beer a day free. They have been cut down to a daily allowance of five glasses each, and they threaten to strike.

—One day last week a passenger on the Tacoma street car line offered five copper cents for his fare. The conductor refused to accept the tender and ejected the passenger. Now the company is called on to stand suit for $2,000 damages.

—Mr Benjamin P. Shillaber (Mrs. Partington) has passed his seventy-sixth birth day, but, though somewhat feeble, he is in full possession of his faculties and still has that keen sense of the ludicrous that enters so largely in all his writings.

—A gang of Italian laborers who struck on the Pittsburg and Lake Erie railroad at New Castle, Pa., drove off another gang of their countrymen who had supplanted them, and with a wagon load of beer, they are terrorizing the locality.

—An explosion on the lake steamer, Tioga, near Chicago, Friday, resulted in in the death of 15 persons and serious injury of a like number. The vessel took fire and the flames and smoke prevented a rescue. The killed and injured were sailors and stevedores.

—Mrs. Ambrose Haley, of Houlton, Me., has in her possession a treasured heirloom, a slipper that was worn by her father's grandmother, on the occasion of her marriage, in England, which must have occured fully 175 years ago. It is made of brocaded satin.

—To obtain the land for the World's Fair Lake Michigan will be filled in to the extent of 220 acres. The Illinois Central is expected to fill 125 acres. This includes a piece between Monroe and Randolph streets, extending 1,360 feet into the lake, or 300 feet beyond the proposed grounds.

—Two farmers named Arbuckle and Orr, who live near Martinsburg, W. Va., had a desperate fight Sunday, in which Orr received fatal injuries. He hurried home, covered with blood, and presented himself before his wife, who had been ill, and so frightened her that she swooned and died in a few minutes.

—At Magelysville, Montgomery county, on Tuesday night, Clinton Schaneck, aged 35, shot and instantly killed Mary Brunst, aged 14. He then shot himself, and will die. The parties have been lovers and apparently had a quarrel. The affair has caused great excitement. The murderer is of questionable character.

—The latest addition to the State Literary at Albany, N. Y., is a collection of woods, which is designed to include every kind of timber growing naturally within the limits of the State. The first installment comprises forty-three specles. Each specimen is taken from the trunk, 3½ feet long, and shows the bark and grain.

—Some of the cattle out on the farms on the Scottville pike in Tennesswee are going blind from some unknown cause. Many believe it is the intense heat. Henry Dunn has had several head to go totally blind, and nearly all are young feeding cattle. The eyes first turn pale and in the course of a day or so lose their sight completely.

—A negro girl, about 14 years old, and two white boys, about 10 and 12 years old, went crab fishing at Brunswick, Ga. Their bait giving out, the negro girl took a hatchet and chopped off one of the white boy's toes and used it for a bait. The boys left and came home. The girl, after fishing awhile with the toe for a bait, buried it in the sand. She was arrested and placed in jail.

—Two hundred employes of the Chicago and Northwestern railroad company now at work in the shops at West Chicago are to be dismissed. The order for their dismissal was issued on Monday, and a large number of men were let go on Monday night. It is reported that not only are the West Chicago shops affected, but that within a few days hundreds of men are to be cut off from the pay rolls in the interest of economy.

—A cyclone struck St. Paul and vicinity Sunday afternoon and did considerable damage. To the north and east of the city there are a great number of small lakes which are sought by a multitude every Sunday, and lakes Joanna, Gervais, Vannas, and Little Canada, were in the path of the storm. At Lake Gervais the residences of J. H. Schumair and Simon Good were demolished and five persons were killed and ten injured.

—While excavating for a new building on Smithfield street, Pittsburg, at 10 o'clock Tuesday morning, an embankment caved in, burying three men. Two of them—Michael Murphy and Anthony Carbonia—were rescued without much trouble, but the third—Michael Eagan, the contractor—was buried under six feet of sand, and it was fifteen minutes before he was taken out. He was still living, but will die. The others will recover.

—Mrs. Berryman, a colored woman, residing near Leechburg, met with a horrible death on Tuesday evening of last week. She attempted to expediate the kitchen fire by the use of oil. The flames flashed out and set fire to her clothing. While her clothing was in flames, she threw herself on the bed and set the house on fire. She was shockingly burned and died in a few hours. Her husband, who is a miner, was at work at the time of the accident. The Berryman house, with two adjoining buildings, was consumed.

WHY DOES MARCH, THE CLOTHIER,

Next Door to the Postoffice,

Sell So Much Cheaper Than Other Altoona Clothiers?

An answer will be given to the oft-repeated question: "Why does March, the Clothier, sell so much cheaper than any of the Altoona clothing merchants?"

1. He keeps thoroughly posted in regard to the clothing industry.
2. He buys directly from the manufacturers.
3. He buys in large quantities.
4. He pays the spot cash and avails himself of the liberal discounts granted on large cash purchases.
5. It not infrequently happens that, pressed for money, a manufacturer sells at prices absolutely less than the cost of the material and its making up. Such opportunities are taken advantage of on every occasion presenting themselves.

These reasons alone (others can be given) are, we trust a sufficient answer to the question: why does March sell so much cheaper than any of the other ready-made clothiers of Altoona.

From the above the inference is plain that buying in large quantities, paying spot cash, and taking advantage of all golden opportunities growing out of financial failures of manufacturers of clothing we can give customers superior advantages, and at the same time secure reasonable profits for ourselves.

We append below prices of a few of our goods, but it must be remembered that the goods should be seen and examined. When this is done—when the quality, style and make up are considered—you will be astonished at the marvelously low prices.

Black worsted Prince Albert suits, $12.
Black and blue four button cutaways, 10.
10 styles broad Wales in cutaways and sacks, $10.
10 styles fancy worsted suits, $9 and up.
Best quality G. A. R. Slater flannel suits, $7.75.
Best quality blue suits for boys, $6.
100 styles of all wool cassimere suits, $5.
100 Dundie's suits, sacks and cutaways, $4.50.
200 children's Suits, ages 4 to 14, $1.50 and up.
300 fancy cassimere Suits for children, $2 and up.
1000 pairs of men's and boys' pants at low prices.
50 dozen Damash Shirts, 35 cents.
Fancy silk flannel Shirts, $1.
White Shirts, best quality, 50 cents.
Hats and Caps very low.
Trunks and Valises at low prices.

All Goods are Sold Lower than Any Other Clothing House in Blair county. Call and see

MARCH, THE CLOTHIER,

Next Door to the Postoffice,

ALTOONA, - - - - - PENN'A.

Everybody Reads the

Cambria Freeman, All the News.

Only $1.50 per Year.

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SEND FOR OUR CATALOGUE AND PRICES

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DONALD E. DUFFTON,
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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENN'A.
Special attention given to claims for Pension Bounty, etc. ebf-18-90

GEO. M. READE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENNA.
Office on Centre street, near High.

—John Guile, an octogenarian of the Erie County Almshouse, mounted a third-story window Wednesday morning and plunged down seventy-five feet into eternity. The old gentleman had never shown any evidence of insanity, and no cause is known for his rash act.

—The town of Parkersburg W. Va., is out of water, and great suffering and annoyance exist. Many of the manufacturing establishments have been compelled to shut down, and threats of suit for damage against the city are circulating. Not a drop of water can be had for love or money and ice is $1 per 100 pounds. The firm at Pittsburgh which but up the engines has telegraphed to send a competent machinist to examine and remedy the trouble.

—Thomas Martin, John McNulty and John McDonald, miners at Pittson, this State, were arrested on Monday afternoon for the murder of James Hughes, of Oregon. A few days ago Hughes was waylaid and brutally beaten by the three men above mentioned, who were at the time arrested and released upon $5,000 bail each. Hughes lingered until Saturday when he died. His assailants, who were taken into custody, were committed to the county prison to await trial.

—Fire broke out early on Sunday morning in H. T. Atkinson's turning and planing mill at Tenth and Susquehanna streets, Philadelphia. From the mill the fire spread to the lumber yard, and thence to Carey Bros.' wall paper factory. The planing mill was completely destroyed, and Carey Bros.' building is a ruin. They estimate their loss at $500,000 with insurance of $202,000. Atkinson places his loss at between $75,000 and $80,000 on his planing mill property, stable, and lumber yard. His insurance foots up to $26,500.

—The Boston *Post* tells of a man returning from the West to visit his mother's grave in a cemetery near Boston. "I couldn't find the lot," he said in telling the story, "and when I got home I asked my sister about it, and who it was that had put up the big monument there with the name 'Theodosia' on it. 'Why, that was the place,' said my sister. 'But who is Theodosia?' I asked. 'That is mother,' said she. 'I know it wasn't her name, but it is a pretty one, and I thought she would like it. And did you see, John? I thought mother looked so lonesome in that big lot, and I had a baby headstone set up near the corner with "Jennie" cut on it. You don't mind, do you?'"

CARL RIVINIUS,
—PRACTICAL—
WATCHMAKER & JEWELER
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Silverware, Musical Instruments
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Celebrated Rockford WATCHES.
—o—
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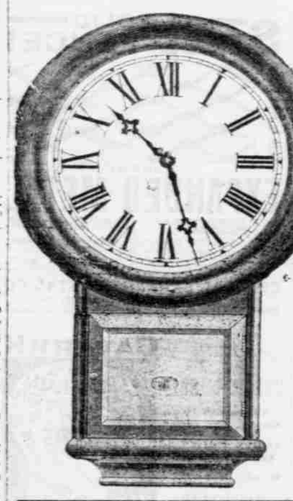


LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KINDS of JEWELRY always on hand.

☞ My line of Jewelry is unsurpassed. Call and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ ALL WORK GUARANTEED. ☜

CARL RIVINIUS
Ebensburg, Nov. 11, 1885-tf.

Eckenrode - & - Hoppel,
—DEALERS IN—
General Merchandise,
CLOTHING, FLOUR, FEED,
Lumber and Shingles. We keep our Stock always Full and Complete. Give us a Call.
Eckenrode & Hoppel,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.

HASTINGS HOTEL,
R. J. SHETTIG, PROPRIETOR.
Located at the Station, near the centre of the town on Fourth Avenue. We endeavor to furnish the best accommodations to business men, pleasure seekers and boarders. Persons in search of comfort and quiet will find it a desirable place to stop. The Table is unsurpassed and is always supplied with the best the market affords, and all the delicacies of the season. The Bar is supplied with the choicest of pure liquors and cigars and nothing but the best is sold. Special attention given to the care of horses.
R. J. SCHETTIG.

ADVERTISERS by addressing Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 10 Spruce St., New York can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of ADVERTISING in American Newspapers. 100 Page Pamphlet 10c.

Job work of all kinds neatly executed at this office. Give us a trial.

TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address
Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given to all persons not to trust or harbor Henry M. Teeter on my account, as I will pay no bills of his contracting, nor will I collect any wages that may be earned by him.
NATHANIEL TEETER.
Jackson twp., July 11th, 1890.

EVERYBODY in Cambria county should go to the FREEMAN. Only $1.50 per year.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, - - JULY 18, 1890.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

—For sale cheap.—A good buggy. Inquire of J. W. Leech.

—When you want job printing of any kind call at the FREEMAN office a trial.

—Miss Mattie Shryock, of Wilmore, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Fos. Lloyd, of this place.

—A number of young men are camping about two miles south of town. They will return on Saturday.

—Steady employment, on salary, is offered in another column by E. C. Pierson & Co., Waterloo, N. Y.

—Rumor has it that a new hotel will be built in Ebensburg in the fall. It will be located on Centre street.

—Mrs. Dr. Doerner, of Cumberland, Maryland, is visiting her parents, General McDonald and wife in this place.

—Mr. and Mrs. Bart McCabe, of this place, left on Wednesday morning for a trip to New York, to visit relatives.

—A new lamp has been placed at the corner of Julian and Sample streets in place of the one that was broken some time ago.

—A man named Fry was arrested at Latrobe, on Monday charged with spending $2 he had collected for the Dunbar miners' families.

—A pair of canary birds consigned to a person living near Somerset were eaten by rats while awaiting delivery in the express office at that place.

—Miss Hattie Evans, daughter of Mr. Morris Evans, of Bloomington, Illinois and an old time resident of Ebensburg, is visiting friends in this place.

—Sheriff Fiscus and wife, of Armstrong county, spent a few days in town this week on a visit to their nephew, Jail Warden Young, of this place.

—Miss Laura Aultman, of Punxsutawney, has charge of the telegraph office here during the absence of Miss Eva Lloyd, who is taking a six week's vacation.

—Avery Evans, Esq., of this place, accompanied by his little daughter, is visiting his brother Prothonotary John H. Evans, of Cass county, at Old City.

—Miss Mary Ellen O'Neill, of this place, has been absent for several weeks on a visit to Pittsburg and Chicago, returned home the latter part of last week.

—A young man named Gray shot a colored boy at Blairsville Intersection because the latter did not sing and dance when Gray ordered him to do so. Gray is now under arrest.

—Rupture cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer, 811 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. Ease at once, no operation or delay from business, attested by thousands of cures after others fail.

—Mrs. P. A. Schwab, of this place, went to Pittsburg on Monday last, on a visit to her mother, Mr. Will Ward, who as stated in the FREEMAN heretofore, is ill in Mercy Hospital in that city.

—For sale.—Mare, wagon and harness at private sale, either together or separately. The mare is a good draft mare, will work any place, and is sound and gentle. Inquire of A. M. Shoenfelt, Ebensburg, Pa.

—We have a speedy and positive Cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker Mouth, and Headache, in Sellon's Catarrh Remedy. A Nasal Injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and sweet breath.

—On Wednesday afternoon about fifteen Ebensburg ladies visited "Cam, Tude's" Richards & Rouse's new coach. After spending the afternoon pleasantly they returned home about 7 o'clock that evening.

—Mr. William J. Ludwig, of this place, and Miss Annie Evans, of Kane, Pa., were married at the home of the bride's parents in the latter place, on Wednesday, July 16, 1890, by Rev. George Hill, of Ebensburg.

—Among the marriage licenses issued this week is that of Frank Roberts, a colored gentleman from Johnstown, formerly of Ebensburg, aged 23 years and Lucy Kuntz, aged 22 years, who belongs to the Conemaugh race.

—Ex-Associate Judge Thomas, of Carrolltown, has rented the Murphy Hotel at South Fork, an old established house and after the first of next April, will cater to the wants of the traveling public in that well known hostelrie.

—There will be a meeting of the Fire Company at the Council Room on Friday evening at 7 o'clock, at which important business will be transacted and at which every member of the company is requested to be present. By order of the Chief Director.

—A man giving the name of Bergman and claiming to be a dealer in horses, swindled a number of Greensburg citizens out of a considerable sum of money last week by borrowing cash on a carload of horses, which he claimed to own and proposed to sell that city.

—Wm. A. P. Creevy, of Hot Springs, Arkansas, died at the Lloyd Springs Hotel in this place on Monday last from consumption. He had only been here a few days and was in the last stages of the disease on his arrival. Her remains were taken to her home on Tuesday.

—A stone rolled down a steep hill at the Portage Methodist in the Seventh ward, Johnstown, on Sunday and struck Mrs. Mary Shaffer, who was standing in the back door of her home. The was knocked down and her skull was fractured. John Shaffer and Daniel Lentz have been arrested as the men who rolled the stone down the hill.

—John C. Broderick, claiming New York as his home, was probably fatally injured Saturday at Huntingdon. He was riding on a freight train and it is thought attempted to jump off on reaching Huntingdon, but his foot caught in the step and he was thrown to the track, his head striking a stone which penetrated the skull nearly an inch.

—Reports have been coming in from Cambria township, Armstrong county, of a horrible accident which occurred in front of a mowing machine on Monday afternoon, the knives slashing into a horse in a horrible manner. The animal finally struck a stump, freeing its victim. The doctor says he is the worst cut he has seen for many years, but he has a chance to pull through.

—Lightning rod swindlers have been victimizing the farmers of Huntingdon and Blair counties during the past week. Every unsuspecting farmer is required to pay a small difference between the old and the new rods. He is at first required to sign a contract where he finally ascertains to be a note, and is made to pay ten times what he would have to pay for new rods. The swindlers have realized several thousand dollars.

—Harvey Campbell, who a number of years ago was a boatman on the Ebensburg Canal, before the Pennsylvania Railroad, but was promoted to be a conductor on the Williamsburg branch of the P. R. R., was found dead in his bed at his home in Williamsburg, Blair county, on Friday of last week. The deceased was about 50 years of age and was a brother of Mrs. Richard Owens, of Cambria township.

Farmers' Association.

CHEST SPRINGS, PA., July 9, 1890.

Editor Cambria Freeman.

DEAR SIR:—In accordance with notice previously given through the county papers and otherwise, on last Saturday afternoon a meeting was held at Chest Springs for the purpose of forming an association among the farmers of Cambria county, having for its object the extension and encouragement of the agitation now going on throughout the State to secure an abatement of the influences responsible for the depression of which the agricultural interests so generally complain.

A very respectable attendance under very unfavorable circumstances proved that the object of the meeting possessed deep interest for farmers of that section, and the earnestness and enthusiasm of those present gave assurance of its success and usefulness. The meeting came to order at 3 o'clock and Mr. Luke Behe, of Clearfield township, was elected chairman. A permanent organization was then effected by the election of the following officers: President, Luke Behe, of Clearfield township; Vice President, J. J. Kasler, of Allegheny township; Secretary, D. C. Ryan, of Carroll township. Treasurer, Jno. S. McCoy, of Allegheny township.

A committee of five was appointed to prepare resolutions for consideration at the next meeting and future publication, and were instructed to embody in said resolutions a protest against the excessive taxation of farm property, the tyranny of lawdefying corporations and monopolies, the reckless expenditure of public money by State and county officials, and numerous other abuses of which agricultural interests so generally and justly complain.

After several earnest addresses by intelligent farmers and the transaction of some further business the meeting adjourned to meet at the same place at 2 o'clock, P. M., on August 15th, where all persons interested are cordially invited to attend. X.

The Census.

The census of Cambria county as taken from the tabulated statements of the enumerators, makes the population of Cambria county 65,616.

The population of each enumerator's district is as follows:

Barr and Blacklick townships	1,542
Clay e township and South Fork	2,172
Carroll township and Carrolltown	1,887
Clearfield township	1,210
Chest and White townships	1,181
Cambria township	1,207
Dean twp., Johnville and Chest Springs	1,044
Ebensburg	1,779
Hastings	1,089
Gallitzin	2,458
Jackson township	996
Gallitzin township and Tunnelhill	1,804
Lilly and Munster township	1,227
Loretto and Allegheny township	1,499
Portage township	1,809
Reade township	2,234
Susquehanna and Elder township	1,854
Wilmore and Summerhill township	963
Washington township	1,052
Adams and Conemaugh townships	1,778
Richland and Stonycreek townships	2,597
Upper Yoder " 485	
Eighth ward, Johnstown 1,432	1,917
Lower Yoder township	4,119
West Taylor township and Coopersdale	1,863
East Taylor township 679	
Twelfth ward, Johnstown 1,041	1,720
Second and Third wards, Johnstown	950
Fourth and Fifth wards, Johnstown	2,499
Sixth ward, Johnstown	1,492
Seventh ward, Johnstown	2,779
Ninth ward, Johnstown	2,252
Tenth and Eleventh wards, Johnstown	2,007
Thirteenth and Fourteenth wards, Johnstown	2,312
Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards, Johnstown	2,647
Franklin and East Conemaugh	1,816
Total	65,616

The work of separating the different townships and wards where two or more have been taken by the same enumerators will be done in Washington, and each ward and township will appear separate in the census report when completed.

The population of Cambria county in 1880 was 46,811, and the increase since that time is 18,805.

Ebensburg has increased 36 in population since the census of 1880, the population at that time being 1,123 and now 1,179.

The County Fairs.

Following is a list of the county and local agricultural societies in Western Pennsylvania, which will give exhibitions this fall, and the places and dates selected:

Armstrong county Agricultural society, Kittanning, no fair; Dayton Agricultural and Mechanical Association, Dayton, Sept. 30 Oct. 3; Petroleum Agricultural society, Parker's Landing, Sept. 15-18; Beaver county Agricultural society, Beaver, Sept. 23-26; Milk Creek Valley Agricultural society, Hookstown, August 19-22; Bedford county Agricultural society, Bedford, Sept. 30-Oct. 2; Blair county Agricultural society, Hollidaysburg, Sept. 10-13; Butler county Agricultural society, Butler, Sept. 9-12; Cambria county Agricultural association, Carrolltown, Sept. 8-11; Clarion county Agricultural society, Clarion, Sept. 23 26; Dubois Agricultural society, Dubois, Sept. 2-5; Crawford county Agricultural society, Conneautville, Sept. 2-5; French Creek Valley Agricultural society, Coebranton, Sept. 10-12; Wattsburg Agricultural society, Wattsburg, Sept. 16 19. Edinboro' Agricultural society, Edinboro', Sept. 9-12; Fayette county Agricultural Association, Uniontown, August 26-29; Indiana county Agricultural society, Indiana, Sept. 30-Oct. 3; Jefferson county Agricultural society, Brookville, Sept. 9-12; Punxsutawney Agricultural society, Punxsutawney, Sept. 16 19; Mercer county Agricultural society, Stoneboro', Sept. 24-26; Warren county Agricultural association, Warren, Sept. 9 12; Western Pennsylvania Agricultural association, Washington, Sept 1 5; Union Agricultural association, Burgettstown, Sept. 30-Oct. 2; Westmoreland Agricultural association, Oct. 7-10.

Pennsylvania Railroad to the Seashore---Second Select Excursion.

The second of the Pennsylvania Railroad's series of select excursions to the seaside resorts of New Jersey occurs on Thursday, July 24th. The points embraced in the tickets are Atlantic City, Cape May, Sea Isle City, or Ocean City, any one of which may be chosen. The Jersey Coast was never more attractive than it is this season, and there was never so much to amuse and entertain the visitor, nor is there any possible way in which all the pleasures of seashore life can be more thoroughly enjoyed than through the medium of these select parties.

A special train composed of day parlor cars and day coaches, will leave Pittsburg on the date mentioned, at 8.10 A. M. and run through to Philadelphia, arriving at 7.16 P. M. The night will be passed in Philadelphia and the party will take regular trains to the seashore next morning.

Passengers from Pittsburg, East Liberty, Irwin, Uniontown, Connellsville, Scottdale, Stonerville, Greensburg, or Johnstown may take the evening trains leaving Pittsburg for Philadelphia at 4 30 and 8 10 P. M., and proceed to the shore the next morning.

The first of these excursions was a grand success and similar good fortune is predicted for the others.

The excursion rate from Cresson is $8.50 and the regular train connecting with the special will leave at 11.52 A. M.

Any special information in regard to these excursions may be obtained by addressing Thomas E. Watt, Passenger Agent, Western District, 110 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg.

Consumption Surely Cured.

To THE EDITOR:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above-named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

Examinations of Teachers for Cambria County.

Examinations of teachers for Cambria county will be held as follows:

July 21st, at Conemaugh for East Conemaugh and East Taylor.

July 22d, at Morrellville for Lower Yoder.

July 23d, at Cooperdale.

July 24th, at Walnut Grove for Stonycreek.

July 25th, at Roxbury for Upper Yoder.

July 26th, at Franklin.

July 28th, at Fairview for Jackson.

July 29th, at Rosedale for West Taylor.

July 30th, at Weaver's for Richland.

July 31st, at Covers for Conemaugh township.

August 1st, at Salix for Adams.

August 2d, at Summerhill for Croyle and South Fork.

August 4th, at Wilmore for Wilmore and Summerhill.

August 5th, at Portage.

August 6th, at Lilly for Lilly and Washington.

August 7th, at Gallitzin for Gallitzin borough and township and Tunnelhill.

August 8th, at Loretto for Allegheny and Loretto.

August 9th, at Munster.

August 11th, at Chest Springs.

August 12th, at Ashville for Dean, Ashland and Ashville.

August 13th, at Fiske for White.

August 14th, at Glasgow for Reade.

August 15th, at St. Lawrence for Chest.

August 16th, at St. Augustine for Clearfield.

August 18th, at Ebensburg for Ebensburg and Cambria township.

August 19th, at Belsano for Blacklick.

August 20th, at Nicktown for Barr.

August 21st, at Kuntzman's for Susquehanna.

August 22d, at Hastings for Hastings and Elder.

August 23d, at Carrolltown for Carrolltown and Carroll township.

NOTES.

1. The Secretary of the Board where the examination is held will please have the room clean and well ventilated.

2. Examinations will begin at 8 A. M.

3. An applicant from another county, who has not taught in this, must present a certificate from his own County Superintendent.

4 Satisfactory evidence of good moral character must be presented by persons unknown to the Superintendent.

5 Due credit will be given for class work presented by applicants, such as maps outlines, etc.

6 Work in Orthography will include phonetic spelling, diacritical marks, rules, principles, etc. Better look this up in any good speller.

7. One-half the work in Arithmetic will be "Mental." Five questions in each.

8. Grade in writing will be made from general appearance of papers and an examination on the principles of Penmanship. (In ink.)

9. An applicant who fails may enter the special examination upon presenting a request signed by four Directors who wish to see him.

10. The special examination will be held in Ebensburg, August 29th.

11. The County Institute will be held November 17-21.

Copies of this list are sent to the Secretaries to be distributed by them to teachers, directors and all interested persons.

J. W. LEECH,
County Superintendent.

The Gallitzin Murder.

The following is the finding of the inquest held over the remains of Clara Shakshaft, who had her throat cut at Gallitzin on the 6th inst., and who died on Tuesday of last week. The inquest was held by Justice of the Peace F. J. Parrish and the following gentlemen were on the jury: G. W. Shiffler, Joseph M. Gunning, W. H. Weston, John T. Storm, D. C. Burk and J. F. Rutledge. The verdict is as follows:

That Clara Shakshaft came to her death by being struck on the head with a coupling pin and having her throat cut by a razor held in the hands of Harry March, on the morning of July 6th, 1890, between the hours of 7 and 8 o'clock, on the quarry road, near Thomas Munroe's powder house. And as a result of the wounds thus inflicted, the said Clara Shakshaft came to her death at the residence of Joseph Guthridge, between the hours of 2 and 3 o'clock on the 8th day of July, A. D., 1890; so the said Harry Marsh, in the aforesaid place did feloniously kill and murder the said Clara Shakshaft, against the peace and dignity of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Pension for Army Nurses.

The House Committee on invalid pensions has agreed to report favorably a bill pensioning army nurses. It provides that all women employed by the Surgical Department of the United States as army nurses or otherwise officially recognized as such during the late war, and who rendered service to hospitals, in camp or on the battlefield for a period of six months or more, and who were honorably discharged, and who, from the result of services or the infirmities of advancing age, are unable to earn their own livelihood, shall receive a pension of $12 per month.

The Great American Chorus.

Sneezing, snuffing and coughing! This is the music all over the land just now. "I've got an awful cold in my head." Cure it with Ely's Cream Balm or it may end in the toughest form of catarrah. Nothing is more nauseous and dreadful. This remedy masters it as no other ever did. Not a snuff nor liquid. Pleasant, certain, radical.

PUBLIC SALE

—OF—

TIMBER AND COAL LANDS.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER ISSUING OUT of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, the undersigned will expose to public sale at the COURT HOUSE, Ebensburg, Pa., on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 9TH, 1890,

at 2 o'clock P. M., all that certain tract of land situate in Munster township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of David Reese, heirs of Wm. Litzinger, heir of Hugh Griffin, and others containing

43 ACRES,

part cleared, having thereon erected a DWELLING HOUSE and BARN.

This land is underlaid with Coal and is well timbered.

The Coal and Timber will be offered for sale separate from the surface.

And then the Coal, Timber and Surface will be offered as a whole, and in the way in which the best price can be obtained, the same will be knocked down.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of purchase money on confirmation of sale and the balance in two equal annual payments with interest, secured upon the premises, in case of the sale of the timber by itself personal security will be required before the timber is cut, or sale of it confirmed. LEO. M. READE,
jul18 3t. Assignee of John G. Kaylor.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Cresson Springs Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 226 South Fourth Street, Philadelphia, Pa., on Tuesday, August 5th, 1890, at 12 o'clock, M. Election for President and Directors same day and place.

E. H. FYLE,
jul18 3t. Secretary.

STRAY COW.

Came to the residence of the subscriber residing in Munster township on or about the middle of May, a large red cow, a small notch cut of each ear, about eight years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

SAMUEL O'HARA.
jul18 3t

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

The powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of the low test short weight, alum or phosphate powder. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., New York.

B. & B.

A - Short - Advertisement

On the Subject of

WASH FABRICS.

We have in progress a special sale of this class of Dry Goods, which is in most request and particulary suited to this hot weather, including:

PRINTED CHALLIS

At 5c., 6c., 8c., 10c., 15c., 25c., 50c., in largest and choicest assortments for selections.

ANDERSON'S 40c. QUALITY SCOTCH DRESS GINGHAMS now 25c. 50c. and 60c. qualities at 35c.

SATINES.

37½c. quality French Satines at 25c.
35c. " " " at 15c.
25c. " " " at 12½c.
Figured Dimitys, fast colors, for Wash Dresses, 30c.

WHITE GOODS.

27 inch Hemstitched India Linens 12c. For Children's Dresses.
40 inch H. S. India Linens, with tucks above the hem, 50c., 60c., 75c.
Plain Nainsooks, 12½c. to 50c.

UNSHRINKABLE FLANNELS

For Ladies' Outing Garments, Blouse Waists, Boys' Waists and Men's Negligee Shirts.

A very large and elegant line of these Flannels at 35c.—28 inches wide—and at 65c. the very finest quality Unshrinkable Flannels, in very light weights for Summer Dresses, Shirts, etc., in handsome stripes and checks.

CREAM WOOLENS

For Seaside and Mountain wear.

Cream Albatross, 37½c., 50c., 60c.
Cream all wool Cashmerette, 50c., 60c., 75c. $1.00.
Cream Outing Flannels, 60c., 75c., $1.00.
Cream Serges, 85 cents.
Cream Tasso Cloths, $1.00.
Cream Lansdownes, $1.25.

A most comprehensive assortment of LADIES', MEN'S AND CHILDREN'S FURNISHINGS of every kind and at money-saving prices on every item.

Write to our Mail Order Department for particulars, or for samples, or for copy of our Illustrated Catalogue and Fashion Journal.

BOGGS & BUHL,

115 to 119 Federal St.

ALLEGHENY, - - PA.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

MRS. A. J. SLOAN, vs. JAMES R. M'MULLEN, LEWIS M'MULLEN, JOHN J. BURKE. | In the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria Co., Pa. No. 17, March Term, 1890. E. D.

Having been appointed Auditor to distribute the money in the hands of the Sheriff arising from the sale of the real estate of James R. and Lewis McMullen, two of the above defendants, to and among the persons entitled to receive the same, notice is hereby given that I will sit at my office in Ebensburg for the purpose of said appointment on Friday, August 8th, 1890, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at which time and place all parties interested may attend or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund. T. W. DICK,
jul 18 3t. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Cambria county to distribute the money in the hands of William George and Anna H. Duncan, administrators of Thomas Duncan, late of Blacklick township, deceased, as shown by their account as such administrators to and among the persons entitled to receive the same, and also to ascertain and report to the Court the liens against the heirs of said deceased, hereby give notice that he will sit at his office in the borough of Ebensburg, Pa., on Friday, August 15th, 1890, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of attending to the duties of said appointment, at which time and place all persons interested shall attend or be forever debarred from coming in on said funds. ALVIN EVANS,
Ebensburg, July 18, 1890. 3t. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

JOHN HOLAND, vs. EDWARD HUGHES, Art. SILAS REESE. | In the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria Co., Pa. No. 81, June Term, 1890.

Having been appointed Auditor to distribute the money in the hands of the Sheriff arising from the sale of the defendants' property, notice is hereby given that I will sit at my office in Ebensburg for the purposes of said appointment on Tuesday, August 5, 1890, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at which time and place all parties interested must attend or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund. T. W. DICK,
jul18 3t. Auditor.

ADMINISTRATRIX' NOTICE.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Mary McDermitt, late of Clearfield township, in the County of Cambria, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims or demands against the same are requested to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement. ALICE NEASON,
Administratrix of Mary McDermitt, dec'd.
Clearfield township, July 11, 1890.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Estate of Catharine Rodgers, deceased. Letters testamentary on the estate Catharine Rodger, late of Loretto borough, Cambria county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement. LUKE RODGERS,
Loretto, June 27, 1890.-6t. Executor.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Thomas Misel, late of Carroll township, Cambria county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to us without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement. MARY MISEL,
GEORGET. MISEL,
Executors of Thomas Misel, deceased.
Carroll twp., June 27, 1890. 6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF MICHAEL BRANIFF, dec'd. Letters of administration on the estate of Michael Braniff, late of Summerhill township, Cambria county, Penna., deceased having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement. JOHN ITEL,
Administrator of Michael Braniff, dec'd.
Summerhill tp., May 30, 1890. 6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Elias Driscoll, late of Susquehanna township, in the County of Cambria, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims or demands against the same are requested to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement. WILLIAM E. LANIZY,
Administrator of Elias Driscoll, deceased.
Susquehanna township, June 27, 1890. 6t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Margaret Gillan, late of Washington township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons having claims against said estate will present them and all persons indebted make payment to JOHN DEEN.
Summit, Pa., July 11th, 1890. 6t.

H. H. MYERS.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Collenade Row, on Centre street.

FAME!

The surest road to fortune and fame is to live a righteous life and lay up a portion of each day's earnings and eventually have this portion to help you earn other portions. This will lead to fortune; the righteous living to fame. Those desiring to thus advance should take the opportunity to trade with

SIMON.

He has the STOCK, VARIETY, and what is more, the POPULAR PRICES.

TARIFF, TARIFF, TARIFF.

We have, once more, taken the tariff off our stock as we are bound to sell our goods far below all competitors.

The Bottom Knocked Out of Prices.

Potatoes, 65 cents per bushel. Fine Flour, per sack, $1.20. 16 cans corn, $1.00. 16 cans Tomatoes, $1.00. Table Syrup, 35 cents. 18 pounds soft white Sugar, $1.00. Weighman Tobacco, 28 cents per pound. Mail Pouch Tobacco, 28 cents per pound.

DRESS GOODS.

We have on hand a lot of Dress Ginghams at 5 cents per yard. Calicoes at 3 cents per yard. Toweling at 4 cents. Ladies' Hose at 4 cents. Children's Hose at 8 cents. Red Bordered Table Linen 25 cents. One lot of Men's Flannel Outing Shirts, formerly 50 cents, now 35 cents. Boys' Waists, 19 cents. Lace Curtains, 50 cents per pair, formerly 98 cents. Ladies' Corsets, 48 cents—the best corset in the market today. Mohair Dress Goods, all colors, 18 cents. Cashmeres in colors, best quality, 50 cents. Dress Buttons, 1 cent per dozen.

SHOES AND BOOTS.

Men's good working Shoes, 98 cents per pair. Boys' Shoes, 75 cents a pair. 100 pair of Men's Fancy Slippers at 75 cents, worth $1.25 a pair. Men's Dress Shoes, $1.24 a pair. Better pair at $1.74. We are also agent for the good and renowned W. L. Douglass Shoe, the best made shoe for the money in America. Ladies' low Oxford Tie Shoes at 65c., 75c., 85c. and $1.00. Ladies' fine Dongola French Kid Button Shoes, at $1.40. Still better at $1.74, $2.00, $2.25 and $2.48 per pair.

CARPETS.

We outsell the biggest carpet stores in the largest cities. Good Carpets at 12c., 15c., 22c., 32c., 35c., 40c. and 48c. Good Brussels Carpets at 60 cents per yard. Star Carpet, 18 cents.

FURNITURE.

Six Kitchen Chairs, good and two colors, $2.75. Good Bedroom Suites, $15. Cradles $1.00 and $1.48. Rocking Chairs, $2.00. Cane-seated Chairs, best $5.00 per set. Child's Rocking Chair, 50 cents. Baby Carriages, rat-tan, best goods, $6.25. 100 Single Beds at $1.75 per bed. Double Beds, $2.00. Sinks, $3.75. Extension Tables, 50 cents per foot.

WOOL WANTED!

We want FIVE THOUSAND POUNDS OF WOOL for which we will pay the highest market price.

A WORD TO OUR MANY CUSTOMERS. We have had a great many of our customers complain to us of late of not having their goods delivered promptly. The cause of this neglect has not been intentional. In fact we have been so busy of late delivering goods of one kind or other that prompt delivery to all has become an impossibility, owing, in a large measure, to the recent death of one of our horses. However, in the future we will insure everybody purchasing goods of us a prompt delivery of the same, as we have enlisted an extra team in the service. Thanking you for your liberal patronage in the past, and respectfully soliciting a continuance of the same in the future, I remain truly yours,

GUS. SIMON,

Gallitzin's Cheapest Cash Merchant and Retailer at Wholesale Prices.

P. S.—In case you contemplate purchasing a good pair of Pants or a good Suit for yourself or boy, come to my store on Chestnut street, where your desire will be gratified in every respect.

NOTICE TO

TAX-PAYERS!

Notice is hereby given that the County Treasurer of Cambria county will attend for the purpose of receiving County and State Taxes for year 1890, at the places of holding the elections in the respective districts, on the dates mentioned below.

South Fork	July 14th
Croyle township	July 15th
Wilmore	July 16th
Summerhill township	July 17th
Portage township	July 18th
Lilly	July 21st
Washington township, No. 1	July 22d
" No. 2	July 23d
Tunnelhill	July 24th
Gallitzin borough	July 25th
Munster township	July 28th
Gallitzin township	July 29th
Ashville	July 30th
Chest Springs	July 31st
Allegheny township	August 1st
Loretto	August 4th
Blacklick township	August 5th
Cambria township	August 6th
Ebensburg, West Ward	August 7th
" East Ward	August 8th
Barr township	August 11th
Susquehanna township	August 12th
Hastings	August 13th
Elder township	August 14th
Carrolltown	August 15th
Carroll township	August 16th
Clearfield township	August 18th
Dean township	August 19th
Reade township	August 20th
White township	August 21st
Chest township	August 22d
East Conemaugh	July 14th
Franklin	July 15th
Johnstown, 1st Ward	July 6th
" 2d Ward	July 17th
" 3d Ward	July 18th
" 4th Ward	July 21st
" 5th Ward	July 22d
" 6th Ward	July 23d
" 7th Ward	July 24th
" 8th Ward	July 25th
" 9th Ward	July 28th
" 10th "	July 29th
" 11th Ward	July 30th
" 12th Ward	July 31st
" 13th Ward	August 1st
" 14th Ward	August 4th
" 15th Ward	August 5th
" 16 h Ward	August 6th
Upper Yoder township	August 7th
East Taylor township	August 8th
Jackson township	August 11th
Conemaugh township	August 12th
Stonycreek township	August 13th
Lower Yoder township	August 14th
West Taylor township	August 15th
Adams township	August 18th
Richland township	August 19th

A discount of 5 per cent. will be allowed on all taxes paid on or before September 1st, and after October 1st 5 per cent. will be added on all unpaid. THOS. E. HOWE,
Ebensburg, June 6th. Treasurer.

ELECTION NOTICE.

In pursuance of a resolution of the Council of the borough of Ebensburg, approved June 23d 1890, notice is hereby given that an election will be held at the usual places for holding the municipal and general elections in the East and West wards of said borough on **Tuesday, the 12th day of August, A. D. 1890,** the polls opening at 7 o'clock, A. M. and closing at 7 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of determining whether the indebtedness of said borough shall be increased to an amount not exceeding 7 per centum of the assessed valuation of the taxable property therein. Tickets voted to be labeled on the outside "Increase of debt," and to contain on the inside the words "no increase of debt" or "debt may be increased."

Amount of last assessed valuation		$117,436.00
Amount of existing indebtedness, common bonds		3,000.00
Accrued interest on bonds		31.09
		$ 3,031.09
Deduct amount of duplicate for 1890, applicable to payment of same	$ 878.70	
Deduct balance due on duplicate for 1889	40.00	
		$ 918.09
Net amount of bonded indebtedness		$ 2,113.00
Amount outstanding orders		$ 387.77
Amount tax assessed per borough purposes for 1890		$ 483.02
Amount of indebtedness proposed to be increased		$ 6,000.00

Percentage of assessed valuation, .0510 per centum.

The proposed increase in the indebtedness of the borough is for the purpose of securing an additional supply of water.

E. E. EVANS, Burgess.
Attest: W. H. CONNELL, Clerk.
Council Chamber, July 7, 1890.6t.

EVERY **WATERPROOF COLLAR OR CUFF**

THAT CAN BE RELIED ON

BE UP TO THE MARK

Not to Split!

Not to Discolor!

BEARS THIS MARK.

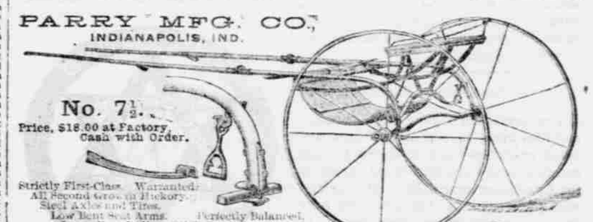
TRADE **ELLULOID** MARK.

NEEDS NO LAUNDERING. CAN BE WIPED CLEAN IN A MOMENT.

THE ONLY LINEN-LINED WATERPROOF COLLAR IN THE MARKET.

mar7-93-1y

PARRY MFG. CO.
INDIANAPOLIS, IND.



No. 7½.
Price, $18.00 at Factory, Cash with Order.

Strictly First-Class. Warranted. All Second-Growth Hickory. Steel Axles and Tires. Low Bent Seat Arms. Perfectly Balanced. Long, Easy Riding, Oil Tempered Spring. Best Wheels and Best All Over.

IF YOU CAN'T FIND THEM FOR SALE BY YOUR MERCHANTS, WRITE US.

ONLY $20

HIGH ARM, PHILAD'A SINGER.

WARRANTED 5 YEARS.

15 DAYS TRIAL.

Has Self-setting Needle, self-threading shuttle, is noiseless and light-running, has the handsomest wood-work, and finest set of extra attachments. Don't pay agents $55 or $60; send for circular.

THE C. A. WOOD CO.
17 N. 10th St., Phila., Pa.

WELL BRED GIRLS SOON WED.

Girls who use **SAPOLIO** are **QUICKLY MARRIED**

SAPOLIO is one of the best known city luxuries and each time a cake is used an hour is saved. On floors, tables and painted work it acts like a charm. For scouring pots, pans and metals it has no equal. If your store-keeper does not keep it you should insist upon his doing so, as it always gives satisfaction and its immense sale all over the United States makes it an almost necessary article to any well supplied store. Everything shines after its use, and even the children delight in using it in their attempts to help around the house.

He Didn't Pass.

When a verdant youth called at the office of the Texas Piumbago and applied for a position the other day, the editor, wasn't very busy just then, put him through an examination to determine his fitness.

"Who discovered America ?"

"Klumbus. Pshaw ; ask me a harder question ?"

"Who was the first man ?"

"Adam. Why, Mister, I know all—"

"What was his other name ?"

"His other name ? Why, he didn't have none."

"Yes, he did. His other name was Ebenezer—Ebenezer Adam, Esq., late of Paradise Center. How many bones are there in a humam body ?"

"Well, I forget just now, I did know wunst."

"Why ! dont you know that ? Every school-boy knows there are 7,482,644,-941 bones in an ordinary man, when he isn't eatiog mackerel. A man who snores has one more bone than other people."

"What bone is that ?"

"The trombone, of course. It is situated somewhare in the nose. You won't forget that, will you ?"

He said he wouldeu't.

"How long would it take a mud turtle to cross the desert of Sahara with a small orphant boy to touch him up behind with a red-hot poker ?"

"Well, look here, Mr. Editor, if I had a slate and pencil, I could figure that out ; but dog my skin if I am much on mental 'rithmetic."

"Slate and pencil ! Did you ever see a slate and pencil about a sanctum ? Nonsense. Well, let that question slip. Have you got a good constitution ?"

"Pretty tol'ble."

"How long do you suppose you could live on raw corn and faith and do the work of a domesticated elephant ?"

"Lord ! I don't believe I could live more'n a week."

"Well, that's is about as long as you would want to live if you got a position on the Piumbago. I shall now ask you one more question, and if you prove equal to it you can peel off your coat and sail in."

"Let's have'er, squire. You'll find me on deck with both feet and a cane."

"Well, sir, if two diametrical circles with octagonal peripheries should collide with a centrifugal idiosyncracy—or to put it plainly—"

"Put it plain as you can, boss."

"Well, say it collides with an asphyxiated desustude—what effect would the catastrophe exert on the crystallized codfish suspended by the tail from the homogenous rafters of the empyrean ?"

The verdant youth wanted to hear no more, but grabbing his hat he made a a wild dash for the street and disappeared.

A Cure for a Bad Temper.

A wife went to a dervish for a charm that should cure her husband of his very bad temper. She told the wise man that they disagreed daily, and that in the end, he always flew into a passion and beat her, though at times he was fond and kind. The wise man took from his bundle a full bottle and gave it to the woman saying : "Here is a charmed liquid. The minute you see signs of anger in your husband, fill your mouth with it, and be careful to hold it there, until the last trace of ill-temper has disappeared. On no account, must you swallow or loss one drop of it. When this is gone come to me for more." A month later the woman came back all smiles and thanks, with a great gold piece to exchange for more of the precious liquor. "Indeed, father," she said, "I would not be without your charm for my life. The moment my husband begins to fret I run and fill my mouth, and in a little while he is gentle and good again. He has not struck me once in all the month. All that I have I will give you for the precious water." The dervish smiled, then said : "My daughter, the charmed liquid was only water. Go you to the well and fill your bottle when you will. The only charm is silence. You could not talk back ; and in all my experience, it has taken two to make a quarrel."

Thunderstorm Hours.

The remarkable fact that thunder and lightning seldom occur over the ocean except at night is shown by the recently issued meteorological report of the Challenger expedition. During the voyage twenty-six thunderstorms over the open sea were encountered, of which twenty-two occurred during the ten hours from 10 P. M. to 8 A. M., and only four during the other fourteen hours of the day. Of the 209 reported cases of lightning without thunder, 188 occurred during the ten hours from 6. P. M. to 4 A. M. The following are the hours of the maxima of these phenomena in the Summer months over the land and the open sea respectively : Tunderstorms over land, 2 to 6 P. M. ; lightning over the open sea, 8 P. M. to 4 A. M. ; and thunderstorms over the open sea, 10 P. M. to 8. A. M.

How to Help Your Town.

Talk about it.
Write about it.
Elect good men to officer.
Keep your sidewalks in good repair.
Sell all you can and buy all you can at home.
If you are rich invest in something, employ somebody.
Be courteous to strangers that come among you, so they will go away with good impression.
Always cheer on the men who go in for improvements. Your portion of the costs will be nothing but that which is right.
Don't kick at any proposed improvement's because it is not at your own door, or for fear your taxes will be raised fifty cents.

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy.

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy, a marvelous cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker Mouth and Headache. With each bottle there is an ingenious Nasal Injector for the more successful treatment of these complaints without extra charge. Price 50 cents. Sold by Dr. T. J. Davison.

JOB :: PRINTING.

THE FREEMAN

Printing Office

Is the place to get your

JOB PRINTING

Promptly and satisfactorily executed. We will meet the prices of all honorable competion, We don't do any but first-class work and want a living price for it.

With Fast Presses and New Type

We are prepared to turn out Job Printing of every discription in the FINEST STYLE and at the very

Lowest Cash Prices.

Nothing but the best material is used and our work speaks for itself. We are prepared to print on the shortest notice

POSTERS, PROGRAMMES, BUSINESS CARDS, TAGS, BILL HEADS, MONTHLY STATEMENTS, ENVELOPES, LABELS, CIRCULARS, WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS, CHECKS, NOTES, DRAFTS, RECEIPTS, BOND WORK, LETTER AND NOTE HEADS, AND HOP AND PARTY INVITATIONS, ETC.

We can print anything from the smallest and neatest Visiting Card to the largest Poster on short notice and at the most Reasonable Rates.

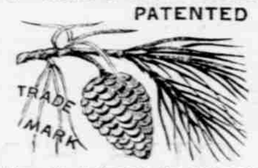
The Cambria Freeman,

EBENSBURG, PEN N'

ALLAN'S

PINE NEEDLE CIGARS & CIGARETTES.

PATENTED



These Goods Contain the Leaves or Needles of the Pine Tree.

Use them for a pleasant smoke and speedy relief for *INFLUENZA, ACUTE AND CHRONIC CATARRH, CLERGYMEN'S SORE THROAT, HAY FEVER, ASTHMA AND ALL BRONCHIAL DISEASES;* they are free from adulteration, as nothing is used in their manufacture but the *BEST OF TOBACCO* and *FRESH PINE NEEDLES.*

MANUFACTURED BY

PINE NEEDLE CIGAR CO.

FREEHOLD, N. J.

A BOON *to Housewives,*

The farmer and working man who have been out in the mud all day can wash their boots clean before entering the house. They will be Soft, Polished and Dry, if dressed with

Wolff's ACME Blacking

Makes housekeeping easier.

Saves Sweeping and Scrubbing.

The boots will wear a great deal longer, will not get stiff and hard in snow, water or rain, and will be WATERPROOF. Ladies, try it, and insist that your husband and sons use it. Once a week for Gents' Shoes and once a month for Ladies'. Unequaled as a Harness Dressing and Preserver Sold by Shoe Stores, Grocers, Druggists, &c.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

ONE POUND

PEOPLE'S AND HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS

TRADE MARK

CONTAINS NO POISON

—FOR—

Horses, Cattle, Sheep & Hogs.

Excels any remedy for the rapid cure of Hard Colds, Coughs, Hide Bound, Yellow Water, Fever, Distemper, Sore and Weak Eyes, Lung Fever, Costiveness, Blotches, and all difficulties arising from impurities of the Blood. Will relieve Heaves at once. *Manufactured by the* JOPPA MANUFACTURING CO., LYONS, N. Y. FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

PERUVIAN TONIC LIVER REGULATOR.

The only sure and radical cure for

CONSTIPATION, BILIOUSNESS, INDIGESTION,

and all disorders of the liver, and has cured hundreds of people and is the only remedy for these diseases, and in cases in which the most skillful physicians have utterly failed. Testimonials from hundreds of people living in Blair county, Pennsylvania. It is manufactured by D. T. Ketring, Williamsburg, Pa., for the P. R. R. Co., and for sale by all druggists at 50 cents per bottle.

None genuine except inbel shows the Indian arrow-head trade mark.

April 25th, '90-1y.

STAR SHAVING PARLOR!

COR. CENTRE AND SAMPLE STREETS

EBENSBURG, PA.

J. H. GANT, Proprietor.

THE PUBLIC will always find us at our place of business in business hours. Everything kept neat and cosy. A bath room has been connected with the shop where the public can be accommodated with a hot or cold bath. Bath tub and everything connected therein kept perfectly clean. TOWELS A SPECIALTY.

M. D. KITTELL,

Attorney-at-Law,

EBENSBURG, PA.

Office Armory Building, opp. Court House

Habits.

Habit makes the man, but man makes the habit. It is here where we want to get in the word. A habit seems a little thing in its self, but it is the most terrible tyrant that rules the world. And it dose rule it, say what we will. Now, it is essential in this life of ours to start right if we are going to come out right. And the best thing to start with is a good habit. It is just as easy when a young man is forming his habits to form good ones as bad ones, Good habits are not expensive. A virtue does not cost a quarter as much to support as does a vice.

We sometimes wonder how it is that a being with brains, with intelligence, with reason, could ever have become a slave to habit. It dose not seem possible that a man cannot order his conduct. But we must recognize facts. Men are victims of habits. They do not see that they are bound until they try to get free, and the strong powet of habit asserts itself. How does this terrible despot conquer dthemind. the will, the man ? What is this invisible force that drives the strongest and brigthest with a rod of iron ? It is only an act repeated again and again, but it becomes a second nature, a part of the man, and it has conquered by the power of reinforcement by repetition.

The only way to be superior to bad habits is never to acquire them. Do not do the first bad act. Stop before you begin to go wrong. The time when a man is saved is when he is young. The time to plant or sow is in the seed. A bad habit will end in a bad life. Watch the feet of the boy. and the man's will not need watching.

It is only a foot from a bad habit to a good one, but it is a mile back again. We may lose in an hour all we have gained in a year. We can undo in a day what we have done in a lifetime. A habit is a plant of which an act is the seed. It will bear fruit if it be a good act, but ashes if it be a bad act. It is the first step that starts the race. To start right is the best way to go right and to end right. Never let a habit fasten to your life.

Baldness and Its Causes.

There are many different opinions as to the cause of baldness. Some of the eminent medical authorities state that it is caused by a form of dandruff. This, it is claimed, has been verified by taking the hair which has fallen off in such cases, rubbing it up with vaseline, and, after applying the ointment so made to the fur of rabbits baldness has rapidly made its appearance on the parts so treated. When vaseline alone was used this result did not follow. The same authority says that the disease is spread by hair dressers, who employ combs and brushes on their customers, one after another, without regard to the cleanliness of those articles. Women are less liable to be affected by this form of baldness, for the reason that their hair is usually dressed at home.

On the other hand some claim that too frequent cutting of the hair is detrimental. The hair in some respects resembles a tree. Suppose the gardner were to clip all the limbs from a tree, regardless of the season of the year, as soon as they were two or three feet in length. How long could the tree be expected to survive? There is a fluid substance in each hair from which the hair gets its nourishment the same as the tree gets its life and growth from the sap which is conducted from its roots. Break the bark of a tree and you will soon see the sap running down the trunk. The same thing is believed to take place when a hair is cut, only it is not visible to the naked eye. A number of the better class of barbers are endeavoring to overcome this evil by singeing the ends of the hair after cutting. This hermetically seals the ends and prevents the escape of any fluid. This operation is performed with the aid of a small wax taper. The hair is raised from the head with a comb and the lighted taper passed rapidly across the ends. The operation is neither tedious not unpleasant. Those that practice this style of treating the hair state that much good has resulted from the process.

History of Sleeping Cars.

The first sleeping car was invented by Theodore T. Woodruff, who got up his model in the office of James Tillinghast, at Rome, N. Y., in 1854, the latter at that time being in the service of the Rome and Watertown Railroad. Mr. Woodruff endeavored to interest Mr. Tillinghast sufficiently in his invention to advance the cost of securing a patent from the government, but he did not have sufficient faith in its possibilities and declined. The model which he constructed in Mr. Tillinghast's office was carried to Springfield, Mass., in an old fashioned bandanna handkerchief and submitted to Mr. Watson, the car builder, who, notwithstanding an almost universal expression of disapproval by his employes, built a trial car, which made its first trip on the New York Central and Rome and Western Railroads, and later was taken to Cleveland, Cincinnati and other Western cities.

This car afterward became the property of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad Company on whose line it was regularly run. Woodruff sold the right to build and use his sleeper on the New York and Central railroad to Mr. Webster Wagner, and on the Buffalo and Erie road to Mr. George Gates. The "Gates" sleepers ran from 1859 to 1873, when they also passed into Wagner's hands. Pullman sleepers were introduced in 1864 or 1865, he having made a number of important improvements on the productions of his predecessors. It was '62 that Wagner and Gates built their first car, having the same general features as those now used.

Answer This Question.

Why do so many people we see around us seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Coming Up of the Food, Yellow Skin, when for 75 cents we will sell them Shiloh's System Vitalize, guaranteed to cure them. Sold by Dr. T. J. Davison.

CRADLE and coffins are the bounds that incluse the world.

ANY ONE CAN DYE

DIAMOND DYES

A Dress, or a Coat, Ribbons, Feathers, Yarns, Rags, etc.

Any Color FOR TEN CENTS

and in many other ways SAVE Money, and make them look like NEW, by using DIAMOND DYES. The most in easy, simple, quick; the BEST and FASTEST known. Ask for DIAMOND DYES and take no other.

For Gilding or Bronzing Fancy Articles USE DIAMOND PAINTS. Gold, Silver, Bronze, Copper. Only 10 Cents.

Baby Portraits.

A portrait of beautiful baby pictures from life, printed on fine plate paper by patent photo process, sent free to Mother of any Baby born within a year. Every Mother wants these pictures ; send at once. Give Baby's name and age.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., BURLINGTON, VT.

Cleanse the System

DO IT NOW

Paine's Celery Compound

With that most reliable medicine—Paine's Celery Compound—cleanse the blood, renew vitality, thus driving disease entirely from the system. Effectually cleansing these grand vitalizing organs at this season of the year, with Paine's Celery Compound, is the surest way to secure

Perfect Health

and avoid the prostrating diseases which are sure to follow if the blood is allowed to become impure and the system clogged with corrupt humors. Paine's Celery Compound is the great spring medicine, and the only medicine that should be used at this time. Druggists everywhere are selling it. Ask your druggist about it.

Paine's Celery Compound

Makes Pure Blood, Strong Nerves, Sound Digestion, Refreshing Sleep, Perfect Health.

Prepared by WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt.

DRINK PURE WATER

BY USING THE

BUCKET PUMP AND WATER PURIFIER

IN YOUR WELLS AND CISTERNS.

Warranted to Purify a Foul Well or Cistern in Ten Days Use or Money Refunded.

It will draw ten gallons of water per minute.
Never has to be packed, primed or thawed out.
A ten year old boy can draw water with it one from a 30 ft. well.
No iron tubing to rust or burst. No suckers or valves to wear out.
It has no wooden tubing to wear out, decay or pollute the water.
It will not rust or corrode, as the cylinder is made of galvanized iron.
It is the simplest and most durable machine made for raising water.
It can be set up in fifteen minutes, as there is nothing to fasten below the platform.
It will not freeze, in the coldest winter, as the foot of a Dakota winter, as deep below zero, as the hardest discharge the reverse.
Has no leather, rubber or wood in contact with the water to contaminate it.
You do not have to pump out a pailful of water to get a fresh, cool drink, for every bucket goes down full of air to the bottom, and fills with cold water as the air escapes.

Price $10 for a ten-foot well or cistern ; 50 cents for every additional foot in depth, after 10 feet.

A live agent wanted in every town in the United States. Address

BUCKET PUMP CO.

441 and 443 Plum Street, CINCINNATI, O.

Purifies by Aeration.

GEO. HUNTLEY, Agent, Ebensburg, Pa

THE ALLMENDINGER PIANO & ORGAN CO.,

ANN ARBOR, MICH., U. S. A.

Manufacturers of *HIGH GRADE PIANOS and ORGANS.*

Importers and Jobbers of *Music and Musical Merchandise.*

We Make a SPECIALTY of *Organs in Piano Cases,* FINELY FINISHED and HAND POLISHED, in *Rosewood, Ebony, Walnut and Antique Oak*

And containing our own Patented Improvements.

We acknowledge no rivals in above styles, in TONE, ACTION or WORKMANSHIP. Pianos and Organs in ALL styles. We are Manufacturers and make manufacturer's prices. Orders for anything in the music line will receive prompt attention. Correspondence Solicited. Live Agents Wanted.

FACTORY: Cor. First and Washington Sts. -:- RETAIL WAREROOMS: 38 So. Main St.

REFERENCE: FARMER'S AND MECHANIC'S BANK, ANN ARBOR, MICH.

SWEEPING PRICE - REDUCTIONS !

Preferring to carry Uncle Sam's Dollar to a big stock, we have inaugurated a

Great June Sale.

Sweeping Price Reductions.

A rare chance to get fine Clothing far below regular prices.

A. C. YATES & CO.,

6th and Chestnut St. (Ledger Building) 13th and Chestnut St.

B. J. LYNCH,

UNDERTAKER

And Manufacturer & Dealer in

HOME AND CITYMADE

FURNITURE

PARLOR AND CHAMBER SUITS,

LOUNGES, BEDSTEADS,

TABLES, CHAIRS,

Mattresses, &c.,

1605 ELEVENTH AVENUE,

ALTOONA, PENN'A

☞ Citizens of Cambria County and all others wishing to purchase honest FURNITURE, &c., at honest prices are respectfully invited to give us a call before buying elsewhere, as we are confident that we can meet every want and please every taste. Prices the very lowest. [4-16-'80-tf.]

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TO SOLICIT ORDERS FOR OUR TREES, SHRUBS, VINES, &c.

STEADY WORK

For Honest, Industrious Men.

Salary & Expenses, or Commission if preferred.

We grow a full line of varieties adapted to Pennsylvania.

The Business Quickly Learned. Write immediately for terms.

R. G. CHASE & CO., PHILA., PA.

CA & HOME OFFICE.

1794. 1890.

Policies written at short notice in the

OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"

And other First Class Companies.

T. W. DICK,

AGENT FOR THE

OLD HARTFORD

FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y.

COMMENCED BUSINESS

1794.

Ebensburg, July 21, 1882.

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Is not a liquid, snuff or powder. Applied into nostrils is quickly absorbed. It cleanses the head. Allays inflammation. Heals the sores. Restores the senses of taste and smell. 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents.

ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N.Y.

OILS! OILS!

The Standard Oil Company, of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils, Naphtha and Gasoline

That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the most

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY,

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PATENT STEEL PICKET FENCE.

HANDSOME, INDESTRUCTIBLE.

Cheaper than Wood.

The above cut shows Picket Fence with gate. This is not a printing cut but is used on Iron and Wire Fences. When writing for prices give Quantity, Number of Gates, Double and Single, Stable Fittings, Fire Shutters and FIRE ESCAPES, Cellar Doors, and Railings, Brass and Iron Grills, WIRE DOOR AND WINDOW SCREENS, and all kinds of WIRE WORK.

TAYLOR & DEAN,

201, 203 & 205 Market St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOHN C. FINCH,

DEALER IN

Golden - Wedding - Rye - Whiskies,

136 WATER STREET, PITTSBURG, PA.

Oldest established house in the city, where nothing but pure goods are put up, strictly for family and medicinal use. Nothing better than Golden Wedding. Next on the list, Gunkelheimer's, Gray's Monongahela Rye ; these goods are leading brands. Brandies of vintage of 1878 on hand. Gins, Holland and Domestic, also Old Tom. Finch's Golden Wedding, $1.00 for full quart, 6 for $5.00; Guckenheimer's the same, Monongahela, $8.00 per dozen. Wines, $5.00 per dozen, $3.00 for one-half dozen. Securely boxed. Also have in stock, Grandfather's Choice, at $2.00 per gallon, barrels at specials rates. Apr. 25, '90-1y

PILES. SYMPTOMS—Moistness. Intense Itching and Stinging. Worse by scratching. If allowed to continue Tumors form and Ulceration follows. Sufferers will find immediate relief and a permanent cure in Dr. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT. Itching and bleeding, with slight moisture, will receive the first application. Sufferers incredulous of relief are requested to make a trial of this remedy. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail for 50 cts. DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia, Pa.

SKIN DISEASES SWAYNE'S OINTMENT

ABSOLUTELY CURES. The simple application of Swayne's Ointment without any internal medicine, will cure any case of Tetter, Itch, Ringworm, Pimples, Black Spots, Blotches, Scurf, Dandruff, &c., no matter how obstinate or long standing. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail for 50 cts. DR. SWAYNE & SON, Address DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia, Pa. Ask your druggist for it.

Call on or Write to

J. R. HENRICKS

For Cash or Time Prices on

PIANOS AND ORGANS,

79 Fifth Ave., PITTSBURGH, PA.

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DETROIT SURE GRIP Steel Tackle Block.

HALF THE COST of hoisting saved to Storekeepers, Butchers, Farmers, Machinists, Builders, Contractors and OTHERS. Admitted to be the greatest improvements EVER made in Tackle Blocks. Freight prepaid. Write for catalogue.

FULTON IRON & ENGINE WKS., 30 Brush St., Detroit, Mich. Established 1852. ma30.90.1y

CANCER and Tumors CURED ; no knife ; book free. DR. GRATIGNY & BOND, No. 405 Elm St., Cincinnati, O.

Tons of Newspapers.

Since October, 1888, an important work in connection with the cataloguing and rearranging of the files of the newspapers of the United Kingdom has been going on at the British Museum. The work has now been brought down to 1873. Every volume has been carefully examined, and all the important points in regard to it indicated in the catalogue. Much labor has been spent in sizing and arranging the papers year by year. By this means a considerable amount of press-room has been gained.

The papers are arranged according to date. Every volume is numbered outside. Each year has a distinct set of numbers, except in the case of the earlier dates, where the number of volumes in a year is so small as to make this unnecessary. The year 1831 is represented by only 41 volumes, each volume containing the files of from two to five newspapers, while 1840 has 86 volumes, 1850 has 130 volumes, 1860 has 258 volumes and 1870 has 327 volumes ; while for 1887 there are no fewer than 372 volumes; 1847 takes up 3 presses occupying a space of 59 square feet, while 1887 requires 16 presses and occupies 367 square feet. There are more than 1,200 distinct papers for 1887, while for 1847 the number did not exceed 300.

The approximate weight of English, Scotch and Irish papers in the presses at the Museum is 450 tons. The files for thirteen years have still to be gone through before the work is complete. As soon as this is done a list of the newspapers, with their respective numbers, will be placed in the reading room, and it will then be as easy to obtain the file of a newspaper of a hundred years ago as it now is to procure any book in the reading room. It may be explained that all the London newspapers since 1800 are kept quite distinct from the provincial journals. They are contained in the west wing where the same plan of sizing, numbering and cataloguing has been carried out as has been adopted in connection with the provincial papers. The London daily papers, however, are arranged in sets on the ground floor, and are obtainable at once.

Plowing With Sticks.

It would make an honest American farmer smile out loud to see the way the land is plowed by Peruvians. From six to a dozen teams of oxen are put at work in a field of twenty or thirty acres. The oxen are yoked by tying a heavy beam across their forehead and in front of the horns. To this beam the plow is attached, all the force being applied by the head instead of the shoulders.

The plow is a crooked stick or branch of a tree, the point faced with iron. Peruvians contend that they do not need to plow more than two or three inches deep, simply enough to loosen the soil so as to enable the seed to take root. The water used in irrigating is said to be rich in plant food, further obviating the necessity of deep plowing.

Improved plows suitable for the country are now manufactured in Europe and the United States, but they are very different from the plows used by an American farmer. They are light, and small having a close resemblance to the original crooked stick.

Every Peruvian plow has tu one handle. The driver carries in one hand a huge goad twelve or fifteen feet in length, with which to touch up his team, and he manages the plow with the other hand. The irrigating ditches must then be connected with the canal which brings the water from the river and which traverse the field at a distance of three to four feet apart and are six to eight inches deep.

They are so arranged that the whole field can be instantly flooded by turning on the water, and every hill of corn or potatoes or sugar cane will be thoroughly soaked. Of course, the fields must slope in the right direction, and if nature has so made it the level is reduced sufficiently before it is plowed.

Thinking Farmers.

Farmers as a class are not thinkers. Too much hard work, inducing fatigue and a necessity for rest, is the reason. Men of thought succeed best. Would it not be better for the farmer to toil less and think more than ever before ? There must come an end to the expenditure of enery. If the farmer spends all his time in manual toil, he has not much left for brain work. Our faculties are strengthened as we used them. With more thought there would be more brain power more ability to grasp and surmount problems and difficulties on the farm. More thought would lead the farmer up out of more than one rut—that of party, for instance,—to see and appreciate something more than "party interest." It would take him out of his isolation and help to extend the arm of co-operation and more intelligent effort. He might not be so sure and steadfast a party man, but he would be a more effective farmer and better for himself. He would be found more regularly at the institutes, would subscribe for better agricultural papers and read them with profit. He would not be so much the creature of tradition.

How can this be brought about ? Only by constant and persevering work in pushing all the lines of instruction. The first work is to root out prejudice and create an appetite for knowledge. Great gains have been made within a few years. The successful are those who most quickly adjust themselves to the times, who trim their sails to catch all breezes. In other words, every opportunity is pressed into their service.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure.

This is beyond question the most successful Cough Medicine we have ever sold, a few doses invariably cure the worse cases of Cough, Croup, and Bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of Consumption is without parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a test which no other medicine can stand. If you have a Cough we earnestly ask you to try it Price 10 cents, 50 cents, and $1.00. If your Lungs are sore, Chest or Back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plasters. Soldby Dr. J T. Davison.

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R. L. JOHNSTON, M. J. BUCK, A. W. BUCK.

ESTABLISHED 1872.

Johnston, Buck & Co.,

BANKERS,

EBENSBURG, - - - PENN'A.

A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

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Carrolltown Bank,

CARROLLTOWN, PA.

T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of a general banking business :

DEPOSITS

Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS

Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS

Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS

Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS

Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended. Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully,

JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

JOHN A. BLAIR. JOHN T. BLAIR

BLAIR & SON'S

DAILY MEAT MARKET,

Centre Street, Ebensburg, Pa.

The Best Western Cattle Butchered every day. Also, Fresh Lamb, Veal, Mutton, Lard, Etc., always on hand.

Market open at all hours and attentive and obliging salesmen to attend to the wants of customers.

Tutt's Pills

stimulates the torpid liver, strengthens the digestive organs, regulates the bowels, and are unequaled as an

ANTI-BILIOUS MEDICINE.

In malarial districts their virtues are widely recognized, as they possess peculiar properties in freeing the system from that poison. Elegantly sugar coated. Dose small. Price, 25cts.

Sold Everywhere.

Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

I CURE FITS!

When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS,

A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address

H. G. ROOT, M.C., 183 PEARL ST., NEW YORK

FOR MEN ONLY!

VIGOR AND STRENGTH For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind, Effects of Errors or Excesses in Older Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS OF BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Of Pure Cod Liver Oil and HYPOPHOSPHITES of Lime and Soda

is endorsed and prescribed by leading physicians because both the *Cod Liver Oil* and *Hypophosphites* are the recognized agents in the cure of *Consumption.* It is as palatable as milk.

Scott's Emulsion *is a perfect Emulsion. It is a wonderful Flesh Producer. It is the Best Remedy for* CONSUMPTION, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases, Chronic Coughs and Colds.

Ask for Scott's Emulsion and take no other.

NOT DEAD YET!

VALLIE LUTTRINGER,

MANUFACTURER OF

TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE

AND TIN ROOFING,

Respectfully invites the attention of his friends and the public in general to the fact that he is still carrying on business at the old stand opposite the Mountain House, Ebensburg, and is prepared to supply from a large stock, or manufacturing to order, any article in his line, from the smallest to the largest, in the best manner and at the lowest living prices.

☞ No penitentiary work either made or sold at this establishment.

TIN ROOFING a SPECIALTY.

Give me a call and satisfy yourself as to my work and prices. V. LUTTRINGER.

Ebensburg, April 13, 1888-tf.

C. A. LANGBEIN,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

ALL KINDS of HARNESS,

SADDLES, BRIDLES, WHIPS,

COLLARS HARNESS OILS, BLANKETS,

Robes, Fly Nets, Curry Combs, etc., etc. Repairing Neatly and Promptly done. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction.

☞ Shop 8 Parker's Row on Centre street.

apr12'91

SALESMEN WANTED.

Local or Traveling.

to sell our Nursery Stock. Salary, Expenses and Steady Employment Guaranteed

CHASE BROTHERS COMPANY,

ma&jul Rochester, N. Y.

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency

T. W. DICK,

General Insurance Agent

EBENSBURG, PA.

Bartholomew's Eye.

It is possible that some of your readers have heard of, if they have not met, Professor Bartholomew, the scientist. He is quite a character ; gangling, awkward, rural, but fearless as a lion and sharp as a tack. He hails from Oak, Mich. Bartholomew according to the base ball aggregation around the world, and here and there gave lectures and ascensions that excited even more curiosity than did the performances of the exponents of our national game. Professor Bartholomew has the misfortune to be a one-eyed man, but the misfortune is not occasion him much remorse. He would be hard to find a more cheerful person than he. In Rome he came across Mr. Lynch, the manager of the circus and menagerie party, and said : "Laugh, can you lend me $30 ?"

"Why, I suppose so," said Lynch.

"Well, I wish you could," said Bartholomew. "It would be a great accommodation. Glass eyes are so dear in this country here that it seems as if I ought to have one up on them."

Bartholomew bought $30 worth of glass eyes and carried them around with him in a balze bag ; there were about a dozen of them and they rattled like so many marbles. They were not all the same kind, but Bartholomew didn't mind that small matter of that kind. He was very much of a humorist to stickle at a little matter of that character. He said that sometimes he wore a blue eye he resembled his father's side of the family ; a black one made him look more like his mother's folk.

One day Bartholomew was riding in a hansom cab in London, the horse acting badly, and the driver, who was probably drunk, lashed the brute fiercely. Bartholomew never has ridden in a hansom cab since, knows how akward it is to have a driver's lash of the driver's whip dangling before one's eyes. Several times Bartholomew ordered the driver to be more careful in the use of his whip, but the fellow was too drunk to pay any regard to remarks. Reaching his destination, Bartholomew quietly took out his glass eye, removed it out of the cab upon the sidewalk, and then holding out the eye in his open hand, said sternly to the cabman : "I want you repeatedly, yet see what you have done ! Wait here, now, sir, until I have summoned a policeman."

To the befuddled cabman there was an awful reality in all this. He did not wait for any other parley—oh, no, not he. Lashing his horses into a gallop he made off as fast as ever he could. The worst scared cabby in all the United Kingdom ! By this quiet ebullition of humor the pilgrim from Burr Oak evaded payment of a five-shilling fare and achieved deserved fame for having got the better of a London cabman.

A Chinese Banquet.

A Chinese paper states that on the 25th of last moon a grand banquet was spread in the Taiwoo Palace, to which were invited all the representatives of China's tributaries and all the high dignataries who had come to Peking to congratulate the Emperor on the anniversary of his 20th birthday. At 9 o'clock in the forenoon the Emperor entered the banqueting hall, and all those who had assembled kneelt down as his Majesty had taken his seat. Then Kwongiok Tezu, an official in one of the Six Boards, rose up and poured out a cup of wine, which he handed to Prince Chow Ching, who in turn had it, kneeling, to the Emperor, who drank it. Wine was next given to all the guests, who, still kneeling, pledged the health of the Emperor.

The guests then arose and took their places at the tables. The Emperor had a table spread for himself on a dais in the middle of the hall, and below was the table for his own immediate relatives and the guardian of the heir apparent. Ninety-six tables were spread altogether, and all were seated Mongol Princes, guardians, ministers of the Six Boards and officials of various kinds down to the degree of third-class mandarins. At the lower end of the hall the Mohammedan Princes, and Corean representatives were seated ; below these were the tables for the Court of Cathay, and below them, again, almost in the courtyard, the lesser mandarins had to be content. Most of the tables were accommodated three or four persons, but the Mohammedan and Korean representative had a table to himself. The feast consisted of various kinds of sweetmeats, fruits and sweetmeals too numerous to mention, and during the feast the company was entertained by dancers, musicians and singers and theatrical representations. When the repast was finished each person put some dainty in his pocket for his friends at home.

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